# Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) for Concrete

# Segmental Retaining Wall and Concrete Masonry Units ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION VERIFICATION







Expocrete, an Oldcastle® company is the recognized leading manufacturer and innovator of Hardscapes and Masonry products throughout Western Canada. Our products are the preferred choice among contractors, developers, builders, architects and designers alike and we are proud of our standing as one of the most admired companies in our industry.

Expocrete recognizes the role we must play in helping to develop the economic, social and environmental solutions that will meet today's demands while preserving the promise of the future. We are committed to using our resources to develop innovative technologies that drive all aspects of economic and community growth and prosperity.

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For more information on Expocrete, an Oldcastle Company visit our website at: <a href="http://www.expocrete.com">http://www.expocrete.com</a>



### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION VERIFICATION**

EPD Information							
Program Operator		NSF International					
Declaration Holder		Expocrete, an Oldcastle Company					
Product Segmental Retaining Wall and Concrete Masonry Unit	Date of Issue December 23, 2016	Period of Validity Five Years	Declaration Number EPD10082				
This EPD was independently v International in accordance wit							
☐ Internal	⊠ External	Jenny Oorbeck <u>Joorbeck@nsf.org</u>					
This life cycle assessment was by in accordance with ISO 140 PCR:		Jack Geibig  igeibig@ecoform.com					
LCA Information							
Basis LCA		Life Cycle Assessment Manager for Manufactured Concrete and Concrete Masonry Products EPD September 2015					
LCA Preparer		David Green BASF Corporation 216-839-7803					
This life cycle assessment was accordance with ISO 14044 by	-	Jack Geibig Ecoform, LLC jgeibig@ecoform.com					
PCR Information							
Program Operator		NSF International					
Reference PCR		Manufactured Concrete and Concrete Masonry Products					
Date of Issue		December 2015					
PCR review was conducted by	:	Nicholas Santero PE International (Thinkstep) ASTM International http://www.astm.org					

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## **Environmental Product Declaration for Manufactured Concrete and Concrete Masonry Products**

Declared Unit: 1 m<sup>3</sup> of concrete

TOTAL PRIMARY ENERGY CONSUMPTION	Expocrete Segmental Retaining Wall and Concrete Masonry units
Nonrenewable fossil, nuclear	6,492 MJ
Nonrenewable nuclear	**
Renewable (solar, wind, hydroelectric, and geothermal)	267 MJ
Renewable (biomass)	76 MJ
TOTAL MATERIAL RESOURCE CONSUMPTION	
Nonrenewable material resources	2.19E+03 kg
Renewable material resources	1.73 kg
Net fresh water	1.67E+03 I
Non-hazardous generated	6.33E-02 kg
Hazardous waste generated	0 kg

### LIFE CYCLE IMPACT CATEGORY INDICATOR

Global warming potential	603 kg CO₂ eq
Acidification potential	4 kg SO₂ eq
Eutrophication potential	0.2 kg N eq
Smog creation potential	76 kg O₃ eq
Ozone depletion potential	1.06E-05 kg CFC-11 eq

characterization factors based on TRACI 2.1

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<sup>\*\*</sup> the value for non-renewable nuclear energy consumption is combined with the non-renewable fossil energy consumption and reported as one number.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION: DETAILED VERSION**

### **Product Description**

The Expocrete segmental retaining wall and concrete masonry units represented by this cradle-to-gate EPD are produced at the Acheson, Edmonton, Richmond and Winnipeg plants under ASTM C1372 for segmental retaining wall units and ASTM C90 or CAS A165.1 for loadbearing concrete masonry units.







SRW and CMU products

### **Declared Unit**



The ASTM PCR for manufactured concrete and concrete masonry product only covers the cradle-to-gate life-cycle stages. Therefore, the declared unit for this EPD is one (1) m³ of concrete formed into manufactured concrete and concrete masonry products. The EPD may be presented additionally per one (1) yd³ of concrete.

### **System Boundaries**



Based on the ASTM PCR, the system boundaries are defined as the modules for raw material supply, transportation of inbound materials and the manufacturing process also known as the Product Stage. The stages include extraction and processing of raw materials (raw material supply), the average or specific transportation of raw materials from extraction site or source to the manufacturing site including empty backhauls (transportation of inbound materials) and the manufacturing of the product including the batching and mixing of the concrete, forming of the units, curing of the units and the applicable post-production finishing of the units which includes the packaging with associated transportation and waste disposal in preparing the product for shipment. (manufacturing process).

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### **Waste Management**

Hazardous and non-hazardous waste generated within the system boundaries and transported outside of the plant facility are reported in the EPD per declared unit.



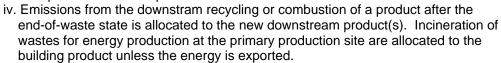
### **Certification Other Standards/Additional Testing Requirements**

Each product presented in this EPD conforms to the appropriate ASTM and/or CSA specification which provide detailed descriptions and specifications for each of the products.

### **Allocation Rules**

A production process that generates more than one type of product may require the allocation of environmental flows from the process to the different products to get product-based inventory data. If allocation is necessary, the requirements and guidance of ISO 14044, Section 4.3.4 are followed.

- i. Recycled and recovered materials are considered raw materials. Only the materials, water, energy, emissions and other elemental flows associated with reprocessing, handling, sorting and transportation from the point of the generating industrial process to their use in the production process was considered.
- ii. Slag, fly ash and silica fume are considered recovered materials, not co-products.
- iii. Allocation related to the transporation of materials is based on the mass of the transported material or product.



- v. Concrete that is crushed for recycling and used as a substitute for aggregate for the production of manufactured concrete and concrete masonry products is treated as closed-loop recycling. The flows and impacts associated with the recovery and crushing of the recycled concrete is taken into account and allocation is not necessary as the use of secondary material displaces the use of primary materials.
- vi. A deviation of greater than 20% where different allocation options are relevant requires a sensitivity analysis. The different allocation approaches and data sets are documented within this EPD.

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### **Units and Quantities**

The standard SI unit is used for reporting results. IP units reported are converted using the following conversion factors.



Multiply	Ву	To convert to
Square meter (m²)	10.76391	Square foot (ft²)
Kilogram (kg)	2.204622	Pound (lb)
Megajoule (MJ)	947.8170	British Thermal Unit (BTU)
Degree Celsius (°C)	(°C*9/5)+32	Degree fahrenheit (°F)
Cubic meter (m³)	35.31466	Cubic foot (ft <sup>3</sup> )
Meter (m)	3.281	Foot (ft)
Metric tonne (t)	1.102	Ton

### **Calculation Rules and Data Quality Requirements**

### **Calculations**

All inputs and outputs of a unit process for which data is reasonably available is included in the calculations. Any application of the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs is documented. Data gaps that have been filled with conservative assumtions with average or generic data is documented.

The cutoff criteria for the consideration of flows is as follows:



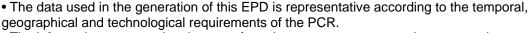
Mass – a flow less than 1% of the cumulative mass of the model flows may be excluded if its environmental relevance is minor.

Energy – a flow less than 1% of the cumulative energy of the system model may be excluded if its environmental relevance is minor.

Environmental relevance – material and energy flows that are known or expected to have potentially relevant emissions to air, water or soil relative to the indicators noted in the PCR are included.

At least 95% of the energy usage and mass flow are included. The life cycle impact data includes at least 95% of all elementary flows that contribute to each of the declared category indicators.

### **Data Quality**





- The information representing the manufacturing process uses annual average values.
- The average background data is less than ten years for industry average data and five years for producer specific data.
- The owner of the EPD that is not the owner of all upstream processes contacted their suppliers within the system boundary for upstream data. The best available data from literature was used when upstream data was not provided. The literature based data meets the data quality requirements of the PCR.

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### **Product Characteristics**

This EPD represents the specific environmental impacts associated with the production of segmental retaining wall and concrete masonry products including segmental retaining wall and concrete masonry units and complies with ASTM C1372, and ASTM C90 or CSA A165.1.

### **Material Content/Base Materials**

The weighted average materials for the production of a m<sup>3</sup> of concrete for segmental retaining wall or concrete masonry units are listed here by mass (kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

Ingredient	Mass
Cement	174
Fly Ash	55
Fine Aggregate	1,177
Light Weight Aggregate	204
Course Aggregate	509
Water	41
MasterCast 900	0.2
MasterPel 240	0.6
MasterAir AE 90	0.1
Color	0.2



### **Production/Manufacturing**



The product manufacturing phase includes the extraction and processing of raw materials, the average or specific transportation of raw materials from extraction site or source to the manufacturing site including empty backhauls and the manufacturing of the product including the batching and mixing of the concrete, forming of the units, curing of the units and the applicable post production finishing of the units. A process diagram is shown here.

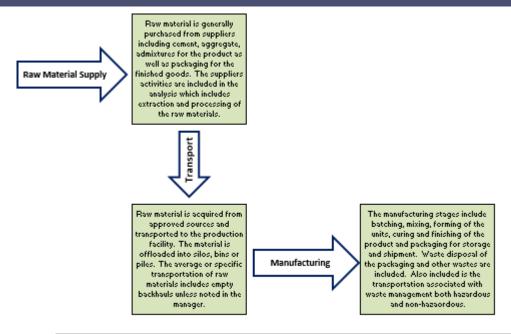


### **Life Cycle Assessment Stages**

The life-cycle stages and individual modules included within the LCA system boundaries are shown here. The EPD that are based on this PCR include modules A1-A3. The results of these modules may be reported as one aggregated module A1-A3.

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Excluded from the system boundary are production, manufacturing and construction of manufacturing capital goods and infrastructure; production and manufacture of production equipment, delivery vehicles and laboratory equipment; personnel-related activities (travel, furniture and office supplies); and energy and water use related to the company management and sales activities located either within the factory site or at another location.

F	roduct Stag	ge		ruction s Stage	Use Stage					End of Life Stage					
Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction-installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4

 ${\it Life-cycle Stages and Modules - highlighted area is included in the EPD Manager}$ 

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### **Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)**



The data used for the generation of EPD are representative according to temporal, geographical and technological requirements per the PCR. Additional details are provided in the EPD Project Report.

**Temporal:** The information obtained from the manufacturing process is based on annual values generated within the past twelve-month period. Any average background data greater than ten years old is noted in the attached table and accompanied by a statement attesting to the validity of the data.

**Geographical:** The geographic region for the relevant life-cycle stages included in the calculation of representative data is documented in the following table.

**Technological:** All of the data is representative of current technology in use.

LCI	Database	Year (Updated)	Region	Technology
Portland cement	GaBi	2015	United States	Current
Fly ash	GaBi	2014	United States	Current
Natrual aggregate	GaBi	2015	Canada	Current
Lightweight aggregate	GaBi	2015	Europe	Current
Natural course aggregate	GaBi	2015	Canada	Current
Water	GaBi	2015	Canada	Current
MasterCast 900	GaBi	2015	United States	Current
MasterPel 240	GaBi	2015	United States	Current
MasterAir AE 90	GaBi	2015	United States	Current
Color	GaBi	2015	United States	Current
Wood	GaBi	2015	Canada	Current
Cardboard	GaBi	2015	Canada	Current
Plastic	GaBi	2014	Regional Avg.	Current
Electricity	GaBi	2013	Canada	Current
Diesel	GaBi	2015	Canada	Current
Natrural gas	GaBi	2015	Canada	Current
Truck	GaBi	2014	United States	Current
Rail	GaBi	2015	United States	Current
Sea	GaBi	2015	United States	Current

### Parameters to be Declared in the EPD



The information declared in this EPD is based on the requirements of the PCR. The results are presented on page 3 of this document and include the declaration of environmental category indicators, the use of resources and the generation of waste. The results presented are based on the specific product description for this EPD. This EPD is based on cradle-to-gate analysis. EPD that are created using different PCR may not be compatible. Additional information and explanatory materials can be requested through NSF International. In the event that this EPD represents an average performance for the products depicted, the EPD will represent an average performance.

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### References

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- 2. Saling, P., A. Kicherer, B. Dittrich-Kraemer, R. Wittlinger, W. Zombik, I. Schmidt, W. Schrott, and S. Schmidt. 2002. Eco-efficiency Analysis by BASF: The Method. Int. J. Life Cycle Assess., 7 (4): 203.
- 3. Shonnard, D.; Kicherer, A; and Saling, P. Industrial Applications Using BASF Eco-Efficiency Analysis: Perspectives on Green Engineering Principles. Environ. Sci. Technol. 2003, 37, 5340-5348.



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- 6. Boustead Consulting Ltd UK, The Boustead Model 5.1.2600.2180 LCA database 7. Thinkstep: GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering, Copyright © 1992-2016 thinkstep AG

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