

Superlite, an Oldcastle Company

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About Superlite, an Oldcastle Company

Since 1946, Superlite's manufacturing facilities have produced Architectural Masonry and Concrete products. These products include the traditional and antiqued paver and wall series, concrete block, and brick. Superlite products have a long history of successful applications on thousands of residential and commercial projects throughout Arizona. Each day, in all plants, finished products are systematically sampled and are put through comprehensive test. These tests include measuring resistance to temperature extremes, product stability, consistency of mixture and load-bearing capacity, among many other physical and chemical characteristics.

EPD Program Operator NSF Certification, LLC789 N. Dixboro Road Ann Arbor, MI 48105 www.nsf.org





EPD Program and Program Operator	NSF Certification, LLC				
Name, Address, and Website General Program Instructions and Version Number	789 N. Dixboro Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48105 https://www.nsf.org/ National Center for Sustainability Standards				
Manufacturer Name and Address					
	Superlite, an Oldcastle Company 4150 W. Turney Ave Phoenix, AZ 85019 EPD10817				
Declaration Number					
Declared Product & Declared Unit	One cubic meter (m3) of concrete formed into manufactured concrete products ISO 21930:2017 serves as the core PCR and UL Part A: Building-Related Products and				
Reference PCR and Version	Services, version 3.2. December 12, 2018; Part B: Concrete Masonry and Segmental Concrete Paving Product EPD Requirements, November 11, 2020. V1.0.				
Description of Product's Intended Application and Use	Commercial and Residential Applications for interlocking pavers				
Product RSL Description (if applicable)	N/A				
Markets of Applicability	North America				
Date of Issue	April 05, 2023				
Period of Validity	5 years				
EPD Type	Manufacturer specific, Product specific				
Dataset Variability	N/A				
EPD Scope	Cradle to gate				
Year of Reported Manufacturer Primary Data	2021				
LCA Software and Version	One Click LCA				
LCI Database and Version	Ecoinvent 3.6				
LCIA Methodology and Version	TRACI 2.1 v1.04				
	Jack Geibig, Ecoform, LLC				
Sub-category Part B PCR review was conducted by:	Terrie Boguski, Harmony Environmental, LLC				
	Christine A. Subasic, P.E., LEED AP, Consulting architectural engineer				
This declaration was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14025:2006. The UL Environment "Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project Report," v3.2 (December 2018), in conformance with	Jack Heiling				
ISO 21930:2017, serves as the core PCR, with additional considerations from the USGBC/UL Environment Part A Enhancement (2017)	Jack Geibig jgeibig@ecoform.com				
□ Internal					
-1	Philip Matisak				
This life cycle assessment was conducted in	MASTER [◎] ≫BUILDERS				
accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by:	Master Builders Solutions US, LLC				
This life cycle assessment was independently verified	Jack Heiling				
in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR	10.01 Excellence (10.01 Excellence)				
by:	Jack Geibig jgeibig@ecoform.com				

Limitations

Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.

• "Comparison of the environmental performance of Concrete Masonry and Segmental Concrete Paving Products using EPD information shall be based on the product's use and impacts at the construction works level, and therefore EPDs may not be used for comparability purposes when not considering the construction works energy use phase as instructed under this PCR".

• "Full conformance with the PCR for Concrete Masonry and Segmental Concrete Paving Products allows EPD comparability only when all stages of a life cycle have been considered, when they comply with all referenced standards, use the same sub-category Part B PCR, and use equivalent scenarios with respect to construction works. However, variations and deviations are possible". Example of variations: Different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences in results for the upstream and downstream life cycle stages declared.

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Product Scope

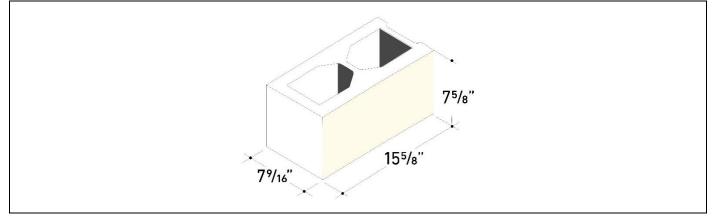
This declaration and it LCA study are relevant to manufactured concrete products produced by Superlite, an Oldcastle Company, in West Phoenix, Arizona for the Western US region. As the owner of the declaration, Superlite may be liable for the underlying information and evidence. The program operator shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidence.

Product Description

This EPD includes representative products branded as Echelon Medium Weight Concrete Block developed from Superlite, an Oldcastle Company, portfolio of products manufactured at its facility located in West Phoenix, Arizona. This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) covers the concrete block market throughout the Western USA region. The primary audiences for concrete blocks are engineers, designers, architects, and project owners which can also include homeowners.

The results for this EPD are based on the full year 2021 of operational data and current raw materials and suppliers. All production is completed at the Turney Ave. Phoenix, AZ facility.

Medium Weight 8x8x16" Concrete Block



Product Specification

The products evaluated for the EPD meet the technical specifications based on categories, CSI numbers and descriptions presented in the Part B PCR. Applicable UNSPSC codes and UNCPC codes are also noted in the PCR.

• ASTM D6684

Application

Superlite, an Oldcastle Company, articulating concrete block are used in various settings including but not limited to: highperformance wall systems, buildings, structures, and retaining walls. Guidance on the safe and correct installation, use and disposal of the products are available from Superlite, an Oldcastle Company, or the website at: <u>https://www.superlite.com</u>

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Technical Data

The technical specifications from the products represented by this EPD are shown here.

Properties					
Medium Weight 8x8x16" HC					
Wet Mix Density	>125	lbs/ft ³			
Compressive Strength	3,300	psi			
Flexural strength (slabs)	n/a	MPa			
Thickness (pavers, slabs and grids)	n/a	mm			

Manufacturing

The main product components used in the manufacture of articulating concrete block units are shown in table 2.

Material/Substance	Input Range
Cement	5-25%
Supplementary cementitious materials	<1-10%
Fine aggregate	15-45%
Coarse aggregate	30-70%
Admixture	<1%

Table 2: Main component ranges for articulating concrete block units

No substances required to be reported as hazardous are associated with the production of this product.

System Boundary

The life cycle assessment for this EPD covers the cradle-to-gate stages as shown in figure 1.

Pro	duct St	tage		ruction s Stage	Use Stage End of Life S						U			End of Life Stage			Benefits and loads beyond the system
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction and/or demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
X	X	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	

Figure 1: Life cycle stages included in the LCA





Production Stages

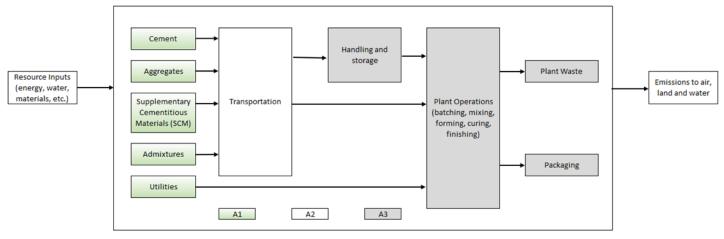


Figure 2: Cradle-to-gate concrete products flow diagram

Information relevant to the product stages not included within the system boundary (A4-C4) as required by the Part B PCR.

- Product packaging waste includes 15.9 kg wood pallet waste and 0.43 kg of plastic shrink wrap waste per declared unit.
- The actual end of life treatment is not known but may involve landfilling or crushing and re-use as recycled aggregates. The product may also be re-used prior to end of life in similar applications either through reconfiguration or relocation.

Allocation Procedure

A production process that generates more than one type of product may require the allocation of environmental flows from the process to different products to get product-based inventory data. If allocation is necessary, the requirements and guidance of the Part A PCR: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirements, Section 3.3 are used. For this EPD, no allocation was necessary to conduct the life cycle assessment.

The product category rules for this EPD consider reclaimed supplementary cementitious materials (i.e., fly ash, blast furnace slag as cement and silica fume) as recovered materials and not co-products.

Cut-Off Rules

All material and energy flows known or suspected to release substances in the air, water or soil in quantities that contribute significantly to any of the indicators in ISO 21930-2017 are included. In cases where there is insufficient input data for a unit process or data gaps, the cut-off criteria is 1% of renewable primary resources (energy), 1% of non-renewable primary resource usage (energy), 1% of total mass input of that unit process and 1% of environmental impacts. The total of neglected input flows per module does not exceed 5% of energy usage, mass, and environmental impacts. No known flows are deliberately excluded from this EPD.

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Interpretation

The A1 product stage (raw material supply) dominates most environmental impacts reported with cement generating the highest percentage of impacts for this stage. This EPD was calculated using manufacturer specific cement data from the cement producers EPD and represents 100% of the total cement used in this mix.

Life cycle impact assessment (LCIA) results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks (ISO 14044, ISO 14040). EPDs are comparable only if they comply with ISO 21930, 2017, use the same sub-category PCR where applicable, include all relevant information modules and are based on equivalent scenarios with respect to the context of construction works.

Primary LCI Data Sources

Resource Name	Region	Year	Data Source	Technological Representativeness
Cement production, portland	USA	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good
Concrete admixtures - Plasticisers and Superplastics, EU average	Europe	2015	EPD Concrete admixtures – Plasticisers and Superplasticisers	fair
Granulated blast furnace slag to generic market for supplementary cementitious materials	World	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	fair
Coarse Gravel and sand quarry operation	World	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good
Fine Gravel and sand quarry operation	World	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good
Transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, euro5	USA	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good
Packaging film production, low density polyethylene	World	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good
Eur-Flat pallet production	World	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good
Diesel production, low-sulphur, petroleum refinery operation	World	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good
Electricity production, natural gas, conventional power plant	arizona, california, colorado, idaho, montana, nevada, newMexico, oregon, utah, washington, wyoming, USA	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good
Natural gas production	USA	2019	ecoinvent 3.6	good





Declaration of Environmental Indicators Derived from LCA

Results of the LCA - environmental impact: 1 m3 of concrete formed into n	nanufactured concrete	products -	TRACI v 2.1	
LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints	, the exceeding of thresh	olds, safety n	nargins or risk	s.
Impact Assessment	A1	A2	A3	Total
Global warming potential (GWP 100) [kg CO ₂ eq.]	1.65E+02	2.34E+01	2.10E+01	2.09E+02
Ozone depletion potential (ODP) [kg CFC 11 eq.]	8.19E-06	5.40E-06	3.27E-06	1.69E-05
Acidification potential (AP) [kg SO $_2$ eq]	3.73E-01	1.21E-01	6.57E-02	5.60E-01
Eutrophication potential (EP) [kg N eq.]	4.20E-02	1.41E-02	1.07E-02	6.68E-02
Smog formation potential (SFP) [kg O_3 eq]	7.63E+00	3.02E+00	1.18E+00	1.18E+01
Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADPfossil) [MJ]	8.25E+02	3.49E+02	4.55E+02	1.63E+03
Note: These six impact categories are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III	l environmental declarati	ons. Other co	ategories are	being
developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development. Howe	ver, the EPD users shall n	ot use additio	onal measure	s for
comparative purposes.				
Resource Use	A1	A2	A3	Total
Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources (ADPelements) [kg Sb eq]	2.90E-02	3.41E-04	1.68E-04	2.95E-02
Renewable primary energy as energy carrier (RPR _E) [MJ]	3.70E+01	4.88E+00	1.58E+02	2.00E+02
Renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (RPR _M) [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.10E+02	6.10E+02
Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier (NRPR _E) [MJ]	8.25E+02	3.49E+02	4.55E+02	1.63E+03
Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (NRPR _M) [MJ]	1.16E+00	0.00E+00	7.84E-03	1.17E+00
Use of secondary material (SM) [kg]	2.05E-01	0.00E+00	1.14E-03	2.06E-01
Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Recovered energy (RE) [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	2.71E+00	7.66E-02	9.25E-02	2.88E+00
Waste and Ouptput Flows	A1	A2	A3	Total
Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	4.16E+00	5.60E-01	7.17E-01	5.43E+00
Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	1.25E+02	3.47E+01	1.69E+01	1.76E+02
High level radioactive waste (HLRW) [kg]	4.00E-05	4.10E-06	7.50E-06	5.16E-05
Intermediate and low level radioactive waste (ILLRW) [kg]	3.73E-03	2.29E-03	6.96E-04	6.72E-03
Components for reuse (CRU)	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials for recycling (MR)	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials for energy recovery (MER)	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Recovered energy exported from the product system (EE) [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

Additional Inventory Parameters	A1	A2	A3	Total
Emissions from calcination (kg CO ₂ e) 7.	7.589E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	7.59E+00

Notes: E merging LCA impact categories and inventory items are still under development and can have high levels of uncertainty that preclude international acceptance pending further development. Use caution when interpreting data in these categories. Not all LCA datasets for upstream materials included these impact categories and thus results may be incomplete. Use caution when interpreting data in these categories.





References

- ISO 14025:2006 Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations Principles and . procedures.
- ISO 14040:2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Principles and framework
- ISO 14044: 2006/Amendment 2020 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Requirements and . guidelines
- ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works Core rules for environmental product . declarations of construction products and services
- Part A: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirements, UL Environment (December 2018, version 3.2)
- Part B: Concrete Masonry and Segmental Concrete Paving Product EPD Requirements, UL Environment • (November 2020, v1.0)



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