Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express



NSF® Certified Environmental Product Declaration www.nsf.org

Program Operator	NS
EPD Registration Number	
Date of Publication	
Date of Validity	

F® International EPD 10824 7/1/2023 7/1/2028

High Performance woven wallcovering offer beautiful textures while still offering high durability.

An EPD should provide current information, and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com.

Knoll Textiles

At KnollTextiles, we advocate for business practices that reduce the use, manufacture, and sale of products that have the potential to cause environmental damage or negatively impact human health and safety. We are dedicated to environmental stewardship and transparency, and as such, we prioritize low-emitting materials, recycled content, natural fibers, and the removal of Chemicals of Concern from our products.

Deepening our commitment to material, production, and operational transparency, we have engaged in Life Cycle Assessments (LCA) for selected products within our line. The LCA is a comprehensive quantitative analysis of the environmental impacts of the entire life cycle of our products. This information will be presented in product-specific Environmental Product Declarations (EPD) that report on the whole-life sustainability impact of operational, embodied, and long-term carbon.



This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2.

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and **Express**

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

KnollTextiles

EN 15804 +A2

EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability and responsibility of the EPD. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds - e.g., Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable. The ranges of the LCIA results are less than 10%.

EPD PROGRAM AND PROGRAM OPERATOR NAME, ADDRESS, LOGO, AND WEBSITE	NSF International, 789 N. Dixboro Re	d, Ann Arbor, MI 4	8105,www.nsf.org					
PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES (PCR):	EN 15804 +A2							
INDEPENDENT THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION OF THE DECLARATION AND DATA, ACCORDING TO ISO 14025:2006	EPD Process Certificat	EPD Process Certification EPD verification						
DECLARATION NUMBER	EPD 10824							
DECLARED PRODUCT & DECLARED UNIT	Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, D Mantilla, Relay, and Express declared unit = 1 m^2 of fabric	Drizzle, Petra, Praç	ue, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed,					
REFERENCE PCR AND VERSION NUMBER	EN 15804:2012+A2:2019: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — rules for the product category of construction product							
DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT APPLICATION/USE	Knoll products are primarily used in a	commercial and re	sidential settings.					
PRODUCT RSL DESCRIPTION	not applicable for this product catego	jory						
MARKETS OF APPLICABILITY	Global							
DATE OF ISSUE	July 1, 2023							
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	5 years							
EPD TYPE	Product Specific							
DATASET VARIABILITY	N/A							
EPD SCOPE	Cradle-to-Gate with Options							
YEAR(S) OF REPORTED PRIMARY DATA	2020							
LCA SOFTWARE & VERSION NUMBER	GaBi 10.6							
LCI DATABASE(S) & VERSION NUMBER	GaBi Sphera database, Service Pac	ack 35						
LCIA METHODOLOGY & VERSION NUMBER	TRACI 2.1; CML 4.1							
PCR REVIEW WAS CONDUCTED BY:	EN15804+A2 Core PCR was develo	ped by the Europe	an Committee for Standardization (CEN)					
This declaration was independently verified in accorda General Program Instructions for the International EP General Programme Instructions for the International 2017-12-11, serves as the core PCR, with additional 15804 (2013). INTERNAL This life cycle assessment was conducted in accordate	D system: EPD International (2017) EPD® System. Version 3.0, dated considerations from CEN Norm EN	Tony Favilla, NSI Sustainable Solu	Certification, LLC Afavilla@nsf.org					
reference PCR by: This life cycle assessment was independently verified	in accordance with ISO 14044 and							
the reference PCR by:		Jack Geibig, Eco	Form, LLC jgeibig@ecoform.com					

Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.

Comparison of the environmental performance using EPD information shall consider all relevant information modules over the full life cycle of the products within the building. This PCR allows EPD comparability only when the same functional requirements between products are ensured and the requirements of EN 15804 are met. It should be noted that different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared.

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express EN 15804 +A2

Knoll Textiles

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

General Information

Description of Company/Organization

We at KnollTextiles use modern design to connect people to their work, their lives, their world. Since 1938, we have been recognized internationally for creating workplace and residential furnishings that inspire, evolve, and endure.

Today, our commitment to modern design, our understanding of the nature of work, and our dedication to sustainable design have yielded a unique portfolio of thoughtful products that respond and adapt to changing needs.

Product Description

KnollTextiles offers an extensive line of modern woven wallcoverings with performance attributes including high durability, easy cleanability, and acoustically neutral properties. This group of wallcoverings are perfect for high-traffic areas. The fabrics covered in this EPD are the same across all their product lines, where they differ is their final patterns.

Manufacturer Specific EPD

This product-specific EPD was developed based on the cradle-to-grave with options (modules A1-A4 & C1-D) Life Cycle Assessment. The EPD accounts for raw material extraction and processing, transport, product manufacturing, distribution, and end-of-life. Manufacturing data were gathered directly from company personnel. When updated company-specific data were not available, a proxy was used. Product grouping was considered appropriate if the individual product(s) have a similar application and material composition. Any additional contracted facilities names have been withheld due to confidentiality.

Application

The Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express Panel/Wallcovering is typically used as a direct glue wallcovering, as well as unbacked for wrapped panel or indoor-outdoor upholstery use.

Material Composition

The primary product components and/or materials are indicated as a percentage mass to enable the user of the EPD to understand the composition of the product in delivery status. There are no substances in these products listed in the 'Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization'. For more information see https://www.knoll.com/shop-textiles.

The average composition of the product(s) is as follows:

Material	Percentage	in mass (%)				
Polyester	40.00%					
Olefin	24.7	'9%				
Post-Consumer Recycled Polyester	8.79	9%				
Post Industrial Recycled Polyester	15.29%					
Pre-Consumer Recycled Polyester	2.00%					
Polyethylene	9.00	0%				
Nylon	0.14%					
Total	100.00%					
Total Mass	0.44	kg				

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express EN 15804 +A2

Technical Data

For the declared product, the following technical data in the delivery status must be provided with reference to the test standard:

	Technical Data								
Composition	Combination of Polyester, Post Consumer Polyester, Olefin, and Nylon								
Weave	Jacquard								
Color Index	Neutrals								
Colorfastness Dry	Above ACT minimum Guidelines of Grade 3								
Colorfastness Wet	Above ACT minimum Guidelines of Grade 3								
ASTM E-84 Adhered	Meets ACT minimum Guidelines of Class A								
ASTM E-84 Unadhered	Meets ACT minimum Guidelines of Class A								
Lightfastness 40 hrs.	Meets ACT minimum Guidelines of Grade 4								
ASTM C423 Accoustical	Please see individual product listing at https://www.knoll.com/shop- textiles for specific product rating								
Clean Air	Tested to CDPH/BIFMA guidelines								

Placing on the Market / Application Rules

These products can be used for Direct Glue to wall or Wrapped Panel applications.

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

Knoll Textiles

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express EN 15804 +A2

Knoll Textiles

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

EIN 15604 +A2

Methodological Framework

Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the declared unit of 1 m2 of Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express as specified in EN 15804 +A2. The declared unit was chosen to be consistent with the unit defined by EPD International PCR: Woven, Knitted or Crocheted Fabrics (of Synthetic Fibres) which was used to inform the EPD created under EN 15804 +A2 and because the use phase is out of scope.

Name	Value	Unit
Declared Unit	1 m2 (one s	quare meter) of fabric
Mass	0.44	kg

System Boundary

This is a cradle-to-gate with options Environmental Product Declaration. The following life cycle phases were considered:

Pro	duct St	age		truction ss Stage		Use Stage End of Life Stage*						End of Life Stage*			Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries	
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Construction/ installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction /demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C2 C3						C4	D				
Х	Х	Х	Х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR

(X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)

*This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.

Reference Service Life

The reference service life of a properly installed textile is not applicable because the use phase is out of scope. The building estimated service life is 75 years.

Allocation

Allocation was determined on the declared unit for primary data, 1 m². For secondary data, cut-off methodology was used.

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and **Express**



According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

Knoll Textiles

EN 15804 +A2

Cut-off Criteria

Processes whose total contribution to the final result, with respect to their mass and in relation to all considered impact categories, is less than 1% can be neglected. The sum of the neglected processes may not exceed 5% by mass of the considered impact categories.

For Hazardous Substances the following requirements apply:

The Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) of hazardous substances will be included, if the inventory is available.

If the LCI for a hazardous substance is not available, the substance will appear as an input in the LCI of the product, if its mass represents more than 0.1% of the product composition.

If the LCI of a hazardous substance is approximated by modeling another substance, documentation will be provided.

This EPD is in compliance with the cut-off criteria. No known processes were neglected or excluded. Capital items for the production processes (machine, buildings, etc.) were not taken into consideration.

Data Sources

Primary data were collected for every process in the product system under the control of KnollTextiles. Secondary data from the GaBi Sphera database were utilized. These data were evaluated and have temporal, geographic, and technical coverage appropriate to the scope of the product category rule.

Data Quality

The data sources used are complete and representative of a global system boundary in terms of the geographic and technological coverage and are a recent vintage (i.e., less than ten years old). The data used for primary data are based on direct information sources of the manufacturer. Secondary data sets were used for raw materials extraction and processing, end of life, transportation, and energy production flows. Wherever secondary data is used, the study adopts critically reviewed data for consistency, precision, and reproducibility to limit uncertainty.

Period Under Review

The period under review is the full calendar year of 2020.

Treatment of Biogenic Carbon

The uptake and release of biogenic carbon throughout the product life cycle follows EN 15804. For these products, biogenic carbon is only released through packaging materials.

Comparability and Benchmarking

A comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. Environmental declarations from different programs may not be comparable. Only EPDs that comply with EN 15804 are comparable. Full conformance with the PCR allows EPD comparability only when all stages of the fabric product's life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible.

Units

The LCA results within this EPD are reported in SI units.

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express EN 15804 +A2



According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

Knoll Textiles

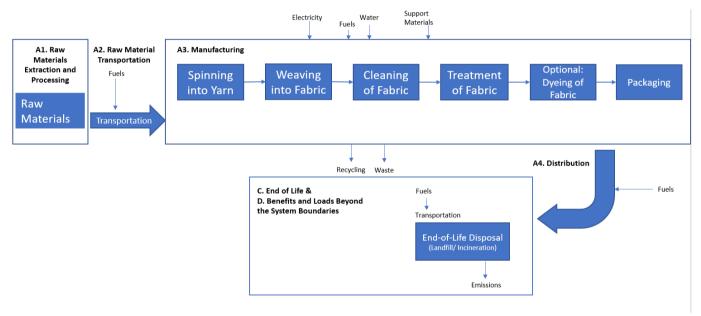
Additional Environmental Information

Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 10.6 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera, is used. The GaBidatabase contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online GaBi-documentation. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

Manufacturing

There are three basic steps required for fabric production. The first step is yarn production. This happens after the raw materials have been harvested and involves spinning the material into yarn and threads. For most manufacturing sites, this is completed using mechanized spinning wheels. After the raw materials are spun into yarn, the individual threads are joined together to form fabric. This step is called weaving and is done on a machine called a loom. After the fabric has been woven, it is removed from the loom and processed. In this step, the fabric is cleaned and treated with various chemicals and cleaners to remove impurities from the final product. The result of these steps is an all-white fabric. The last, optional, step is the dyeing of the fabric to its final color/pattern.



Packaging

All packaging is fully recyclable. The packaging material is composed by cardboard, HDPE, LDPE, paper, and tape.

Material	Quantity (% By Weight)	Mass (g/m2)
Cardboard	93.32%	63.30
HDPE	0.34%	0.23
LDPE	6.10%	4.14
Paper	0.13%	0.09
Таре	0.10%	0.07
Total	100%	67.83

Transportation

Transport to Building Site (A4)									
Name	Value	Unit							
Fuel type		Diesel							
Liters of fuel	38	l/100km							
Transport distance	800	km							
Capacity utilization (including empty runs)	90	%							
Gross density of products transported	-	kg/m ³							
Weight of products transported	-	kg							
Volume of products transported	-	m³							
Capacity utilization volume factor	1.00	-							

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express

EN 15804 +A2

Disposal

End of life (C1-C4)									
Name	Value	Unit							
Collected separately	0.09	kg							
Collected as mixed construction waste	0.36	kg							
Reuse	0.00	kg							
Recycling	0.00	kg							
Landfilling	0.36	kg							
Incineration with energy recovery	0.09	kg							
Energy conversion	44%	%							
Material for final deposition	0.44	kg							
Removals of biogenic carbon	0.00	kg							

Re-use Phase

Re-Use, recovery, And/Or Recycling Potential (D)								
Name	Value	Unit						
Net energy benefit from energy recovery from waste treatment declared as exported energy in C3 (R>0.6)	0.00	MJ						
Net energy benefit from thermal energy due to treatment of waste declared as exported energy in C4 (R<0.6)	0.00	MJ						
Net energy benefit from material flow declared in C3 for energy recovery	0.00	MJ						
Process and conversion efficiencies								
Further assumptions for scenario development (e.g. further processing technologies, assumptions on correction factors);								

NS

Knoll Textiles

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express EN 15804 +A2



According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

Knoll Textiles

LCA Results per Declared Unit

	EN15804 + A2 Impact Assessment												
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
	Total	kg CO2 eq	7.19E+01	3.98E-02	3.40E+02	1.12E-01	0.00E+00	4.22E-03	0.00E+00	2.97E-01	0.00E+00		
Climate	Fossil	kg CO2 eq	7.20E+01	3.98E-02	3.38E+02	1.12E-01	0.00E+00	4.22E-03	0.00E+00	7.04E-02	0.00E+00		
Change	Biogenic	kg CO2 eq	-6.83E-02	0.00E+00	1.62E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.26E-01	0.00E+00		
	Land use and land use change	kg CO2 eq	5.12E-03	0.00E+00	8.33E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.98E-06	0.00E+00		
Ozone Depletion		kg CFC-11 eq	3.50E-10	1.01E-12	2.83E-11	2.85E-12	0.00E+00	1.07E-13	0.00E+00	2.39E-14	0.00E+00		
Acidification		Mole of H+ eq	5.78E-02	2.59E-04	1.31E-01	7.28E-04	0.00E+00	2.74E-05	0.00E+00	4.40E-04	0.00E+00		
	Freshwater	kg P eq	9.03E-05	1.11E-08	6.86E-05	3.13E-08	0.00E+00	1.18E-09	0.00E+00	1.40E-05	0.00E+00		
Eutrophication	Marine	kg N eq	2.03E-02	9.97E-05	1.16E-01	2.80E-04	0.00E+00	1.06E-05	0.00E+00	2.26E-04	0.00E+00		
Europhiouton.	Terrestrial	Mole of N eq	2.13E-01	1.09E-03	6.36E-01	3.06E-03	0.00E+00	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	1.92E-03	0.00E+00		
Photochemical ozone formation	Human Health	kg NMVOC eq	5.78E-02	2.94E-04	1.87E-01	8.25E-04	0.00E+00	3.11E-05	0.00E+00	2.48E-04	0.00E+00		
Depletion of	Mineral and metals	kg Sb eq	4.39E-06	0.00E+00	1.99E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.35E-10	0.00E+00		
abiotic resources	Fossils	MJ	1.30E+03	5.01E-01	5.09E+03	1.41E+00	0.00E+00	5.31E-02	0.00E+00	1.71E-01	0.00E+00		
Water Use		m ³ world eq	1.33E+01	0.00E+00	-1.65E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.16E-02	0.00E+00		
Particulate matter		Disease incidences	2.36E-06	6.68E-07	1.02E-09	1.69E-06	2.87E-09	0.00E+00	1.08E-10	0.00E+00	3.30E-09		
lonizing Radiation ¹	Human Health	kBq U235 eq.	1.12E+01	1.09E+01	8.81E-21	3.05E-01	2.48E-20	0.00E+00	9.33E-22	0.00E+00	2.57E-04		
Ecotoxicity ²	Freshwater	CTUe	8.22E+02	3.15E+02	2.11E+00	4.96E+02	5.94E+00	0.00E+00	2.24E-01	0.00E+00	3.30E+00		
Human	Cancer	CTUh	4.40E-08	7.98E-09	1.05E-11	3.60E-08	2.96E-11	0.00E+00	1.12E-12	0.00E+00	3.71E-11		
Toxicity ²	Non-cancer	CTUh	1.25E-06	4.03E-07	9.95E-10	8.43E-07	2.80E-09	0.00E+00	1.05E-10	0.00E+00	4.28E-09		
Land Use ²		Pt	4.45E+02	4.25E+02	0.00E+00	2.01E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.71E-02		

Disclaimer 1 - This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low doze ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure, nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities, Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon, and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 - The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with case as the uncertainties on these results are high, or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.

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According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

Knoll Textiles

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	Fossil	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	7.27E+01	3.89E-02	3.27E+02	1.09E-01	0.00E+00	4.12E-03	0.00E+00	1.70E-01	0.00E+00
	Biogenic	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	7.80E-02	0.00E+00							
GWP	Land Use and Land Transformation	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	8.79E+00	5.38E-02	4.27E-01	9.79E-02	0.00E+00	6.23E-03	0.00E+00	2.80E-01	0.00E+00
	Total	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	8.16E+01	9.27E-02	3.27E+02	2.07E-01	0.00E+00	1.04E-02	0.00E+00	4.50E-01	0.00E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	4.70E-12	1.47E-12	1.59E-11	4.14E-12	0.00E+00	1.56E-13	0.00E+00	5.96E-16	0.00E+00
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	6.66E-02	2.34E-04	1.64E-01	6.57E-04	0.00E+00	2.48E-05	0.00E+00	1.05E-03	0.00E+00
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	8.57E-03	1.30E-05	7.48E-02	3.64E-05	0.00E+00	1.37E-06	0.00E+00	4.08E-04	0.00E+00
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	1.24E+00	6.44E-03	3.86E+00	1.81E-02	0.00E+00	6.82E-04	0.00E+00	3.76E-03	0.00E+00
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	9.27E+01	6.88E-02	7.31E+02	1.93E-01	0.00E+00	7.29E-03	0.00E+00	3.44E-02	0.00E+00
disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported											

Results shown below were calculated using CML Methodology.

	CML 4.1 Impact Assessment										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	7.32E+01	3.90E-02	3.30E+02	1.10E-01	0.00E+00	4.14E-03	0.00E+00	1.82E-01	0.00E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	2.31E-10	1.47E-12	2.76E-11	4.13E-12	0.00E+00	1.56E-13	0.00E+00	3.47E-14	0.00E+00
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	5.97E-02	1.92E-04	1.03E-01	5.40E-04	0.00E+00	2.03E-05	0.00E+00	3.80E-04	0.00E+00
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	9.79E-03	3.42E-05	3.49E-02	9.62E-05	0.00E+00	3.62E-06	0.00E+00	4.55E-04	0.00E+00
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	6.67E-03	2.24E-05	2.29E-02	6.31E-05	0.00E+00	2.38E-06	0.00E+00	8.60E-05	0.00E+00
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	1.56E-05	1.62E-11	1.17E-04	4.55E-11	0.00E+00	1.71E-12	0.00E+00	8.47E-09	0.00E+00
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	9.58E+02	4.97E-01	4.92E+03	1.40E+00	0.00E+00	5.26E-02	0.00E+00	2.72E-01	0.00E+00

*All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

	Resource Use										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	1.2E-04	0.0E+00							
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.0E+00								
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.0E+00								
FW	Use of net fresh water	m ³	3.5E-01	0.0E+00	2.1E-01	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
PERE	Use of renewable primary energy	MJ	2.15E+02	2.02E+02	0.00E+00	1.23E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.86E-02
PERM	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	0.00E+00								
PERT	Total Use of Renewable primary energy	MJ	2.15E+02	2.02E+02	0.00E+00	1.23E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.86E-02
PENRE	Use of Non-renewable Primary Energy	MJ	6.39E+03	1.30E+03	5.01E-01	5.10E+03	1.41E+00	0.00E+00	5.31E-02	0.00E+00	1.73E-01
PENRM	Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	0.00E+00								
PENRT	Total Use of Non- renewable Primary Energy	MJ	6.39E+03	1.30E+03	5.01E-01	5.10E+03	1.41E+00	0.00E+00	5.31E-02	0.00E+00	1.73E-01

*All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and Express EN 15804 +A2 Product Declaration www.nstorg According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

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Results below contain the out	put flows and wastes throughout	the life cycle of the product
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Output Flows and Waste Categories											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	7.62E-08	0.00E+00	3.72E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.16E-11	0.00E+00
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	3.36E-01	0.00E+00	5.77E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.27E-01	0.00E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg or m ³	1.15E-01	0.00E+00	3.12E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.46E-06	0.00E+00
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low- level radioactive waste	kg or m ³	0.00E+00								
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00								
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00								
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00								
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00								

*All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	7.80E-02	0.00E+00							
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.80E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non-renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								

*All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

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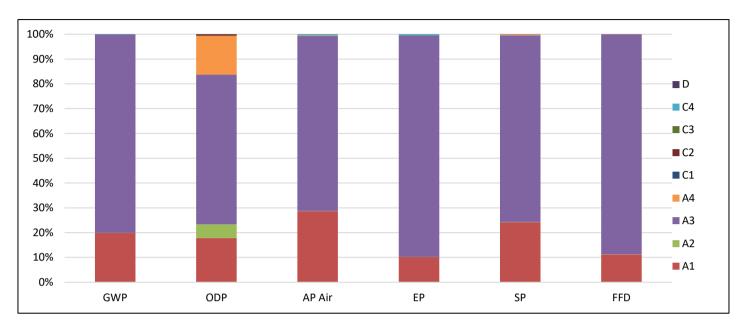


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LCA Interpretation

The production life cycle stage (A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the fuels used in the manufacturing of the product. Transportation of raw materials and final distribution impacts were low compared to the raw materials themselves and the manufacturing process.



Counter Point, Akita, Bond, Arena, Drizzle, Petra, Prague, Antares, Edgewood, Formation, Asterisk II Backed, Mantilla, Relay, and **Express**

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Additional Environmental Information

Environmental and Health During Manufacturing

There are no known health and safety concerns when manufacturing the fabrics in this group. There are no emissions to indoor air after or during installation.

Environmental and Health During Installation

There is no known harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product.

Extraordinary Effects

Fire

No danger to the environment can be anticipated.

Water

Contains no known substances that have any impact on water in case of flood.

Mechanical Destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

Delayed Emissions

Global warming potential is calculated using the TRACI 2.1 and CML 4.1 impact assessment methodologies. Delayed emissions are not considered.

Environmental Activities and Certifications

Globally recognized for pioneering modern fabrics using advanced materials and techniques. KnollTextiles is proud to offer a wide selection of sustainably designed products. Dedicated to environmental stewardship and transparency, we strive to meet our customers' needs for sustainability, healthier materials and third-party certification.

Further Information

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Contact Information

Study Commissioner



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LCA Practitioner



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According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

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EN 15804 +A2	
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