Artisan, Ascent, Expanse, Filter, Fraction, Hemisphere, Merge, Overlay, Tangent, Trek, and Bespoke Wall



Program Operator NSF® International **EPD Registration Number** EPD 10826 Date of Publication 7/1/2023 Date of Validity 7/1/2028

This high performance wallcovering is very durable as well as cleanable.

An EPD should provide current information, and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com.

Knoll Textiles

At KnollTextiles, we advocate for business practices that reduce the use, manufacture, and sale of products that have the potential to cause environmental damage or negatively impact human health and safety. We are dedicated to environmental stewardship and transparency, and as such, we prioritize low-emitting materials, recycled content, natural fibers, and the removal of Chemicals of Concern from our products.

Deepening our commitment to material, production, and operational transparency, we have engaged in Life Cycle Assessments (LCA) for selected products within our line. The LCA is a comprehensive quantitative analysis of the environmental impacts of the entire life cycle of our products. This information will be presented in product-specific Environmental Product Declarations (EPD) that report on the wholelife sustainability impact of operational, embodied, and long-term carbon.



This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2.

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NSE Product Declaration
www.nst.org

Knoll Textiles

According to

ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

EN 15804 +A2

EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability and responsibility of the EPD. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds – e.g. Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable. The ranges of the LCIA results are less than 10%.

EPD PROGRAM AND PROGRAM OPERATOR NAME, ADDRESS, LOGO, AND WEBSITE	NSF International, 789 N. Dixboro Rd, A	Ann Arbor, MI 48105,v	vww.nsf.org				
PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES (PCR):	EN 15804 +A2						
INDEPENDENT THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION OF THE DECLARATION AND DATA, ACCORDING TO ISO 14025:2006	EPD Process Certificat	eation EPD verification					
DECLARATION NUMBER	EPD 10826						
DECLARED PRODUCT & DECLARED UNIT	Artisan, Ascent, Expanse, Filter, Fractio declared unit = 1 m^2 of fabric	n, Hemisphere, Merg	e, Overlay, Tangent, Trek, and Bespok	e Wall			
REFERENCE PCR AND VERSION NUMBER	EN 15804:2012+A2:2019: Sustainability the product category of construction pro		s — Environmental Product Declaration	ns — Core rules for			
DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT APPLICATION/USE	Knoll products are primarily used in com	nmercial and resident	al settings.				
PRODUCT RSL DESCRIPTION	Not applicable for this product category						
MARKETS OF APPLICABILITY	Global						
DATE OF ISSUE	July 1, 2023						
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	5 years						
EPD TYPE	Product Specific						
DATASET VARIABILITY	N/A						
EPD SCOPE	Cradle-to-Gate with Options						
YEAR(S) OF REPORTED PRIMARY DATA	2020						
LCA SOFTWARE & VERSION NUMBER	GaBi 10.6						
LCI DATABASE(S) & VERSION NUMBER	GaBi Sphera database, Service Pack 3	5					
LCIA METHODOLOGY & VERSION NUMBER	TRACI 2.1; CML 4.1						
PCR REVIEW WAS CONDUCTED BY:	EN15804+A2 Core PCR was developed	d by the European Co	ommittee for Standardization (CEN)				
This declaration was independently verified in accordance serves as the core PCR. INTERNAL	e with ISO 14025: 2006. EN 15804 +A2		ertification, LLC Afavilla@nsf.org	Paille			
This life cycle assessment was conducted in accordance by:	with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR	Sustainable Solution	s Corporation				
This life cycle assessment was independently verified in a reference PCR by:	ccordance with ISO 14044 and the	Jack Geibig, EcoFor	m, LLC jgeibig@ecoform.com	Jack Heiling			

Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.

Comparison of the environmental performance using EPD information shall consider all relevant information modules over the full life cycle of the products within the building.

This PCR allows EPD comparability only when the same functional requirements between products are ensured and the requirements of EN150804:2019 §5.5 are met. It should be noted that different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared.

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KnollTextiles

According to

ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

EN 15804 +A2

General Information

Description of Company/Organization

We at KnollTextiles use modern design to connect people to their work, their lives, their world. Since 1938, we have been recognized internationally for creating workplace and residential furnishings that inspire, evolve, and endure.

Today, our commitment to modern design, our understanding of the nature of work, and our dedication to sustainable design have yielded a unique portfolio of thoughtful products that respond and adapt to changing needs.

Product Description

Knoll Textiles has an extensive collection of non-woven wallcoverings. Many of these wallcoverings offer high durability and cleanability. These products would be suitable in many of the segments in the contract market. The fabrics covered in this EPD are the same across all their product lines, where they differ is their final patterns.

Manufacturer Specific EPD

This product-specific EPD was developed based on the cradle-to-grave with options (modules A1-A4 & C1-D) Life Cycle Assessment. The EPD accounts for raw material extraction and processing, transport, product manufacturing, distribution, and end-of-life. Manufacturing data were gathered directly from company personnel. When updated company-specific data were not available, a proxy was used. Product grouping was considered appropriate if the individual product(s) have a similar application and material composition. Any additional contracted facilities names have been withheld due to confidentiality.

Application

The Artisan, Ascent, Expanse, Filter, Fraction, Hemisphere, Merge, Overlay, Tangent, Trek, and Bespoke Wall Wallcovering is typically used as a direct glue wallcovering, as well as unbacked for wrapped panel or indoor-outdoor upholstery use.

Material Composition

The primary product components and/or materials are indicated as a percentage mass to enable the user of the EPD to understand the composition of the product in delivery status. There are no substances in these products listed in the 'Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization'. For more information see https://www.knoll.com/shop-textiles.

The average composition of the product(s) is as follows:

Material	Percentage in mass (%)
Non-Phthalate Vinyl	100.00%
Total	100.00%
Total Mass (kg/m2)	0.93

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Technical Data

For the declared product, the following technical data in the delivery status must be provided with reference to the test standard:

	Technical Data
Composition	Non-Phthalate Vinyl
Weave	Non woven
Color Index	Neutrals and multi colors
Colorfastness Dry	Meets ACT minimum Guidelines of Grade 3
Colorfastness Wet	Meets ACT minimum Guidelines of Grade 3
ASTM E-84 Adhered	Meets ACT minimum Guidelines of Class A
CAN/ULC-S102	Meets Canadian flammability Standards
Lightfastness 40 hrs.	Meets ACT minimum Guidelines of Grade 4 at 200 hours
Clean Air	Tested to CDPH/BIFMA guidelines

Placing on the Market / Application Rules

These products can be used for direct glue to wall application.

Methodological Framework

Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the declared unit of 1 m2 (one square meter) of Artisan, Ascent, Expanse, Filter, Fraction, Hemisphere, Merge, Overlay, Tangent, Trek, and Bespoke Wall as specified in EN 15804 +A2. The declared unit was chosen to be consistent with the unit defined by IBU Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Wallcoverings which was used to inform the EPD created under EN 15804 +A2 and because the use phase is out of scope.

Name	Value	Unit
Declared Unit	1 m2 (one squ	uare meter) of fabric
Product Weight	0.93	kg/m2
Conversion factor to 1 kg	1.08	-

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According to

ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

EN 15804 +A2

System Boundary

This is a cradle-to-gate with options Environmental Product Declaration. The following life cycle phases were considered:

Prod	Product Stage			truction ss Stage		Use Stage						E	nd of Lif	e Stage*		Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Construction/ installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction /demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х

Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR

(X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)

Reference Service Life

The reference service life of a properly installed textile is not applicable because the use phase is out of scope. The building estimated service life is 75 years.

Allocation

Allocation was determined on the declared unit for primary data, 1 m^2. For secondary data, cut-off methodology was used.

Cut-off Criteria

Processes whose total contribution to the final result, with respect to their mass and in relation to all considered impact categories, is less than 1% can be neglected. The sum of the neglected processes may not exceed 5% by mass of the considered impact categories.

For Hazardous Substances the following requirements apply:

- The Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) of hazardous substances will be included, if the inventory is available.
- If the LCI for a hazardous substance is not available, the substance will appear as an input in the LCI of the product, if its mass represents more than 0.1% of the product composition.
- If the LCI of a hazardous substance is approximated by modeling another substance, documentation will be provided.

This EPD is in compliance with the cut-off criteria. No known processes were neglected or excluded. Capital items for the production processes (machine, buildings, etc.) were not taken into consideration.

^{*}This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues.

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EN 15804 +A2



According to

ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

Data Sources

Primary data were collected for every process in the product system under the control of KnollTextiles. Secondary data from the GaBi Sphera database were utilized. These data were evaluated and have temporal, geographic, and technical coverage appropriate to the scope of the product category rule.

Data Quality

The data sources used are complete and representative of a global system boundary in terms of the geographic and technological coverage and are a recent vintage (i.e., less than ten years old). The data used for primary data are based on direct information sources of the manufacturer. Secondary data sets were used for raw materials extraction and processing, end of life, transportation, and energy production flows. Wherever secondary data is used, the study adopts critically reviewed data for consistency, precision, and reproducibility to limit uncertainty.

Period Under Review

The period under review is the full calendar year of 2020.

Comparability and Benchmarking

A comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. Environmental declarations from different programs may not be comparable. Only EPDs that comply with EN 15804 are comparable. Full conformance with the PCR allows EPD comparability only when all stages of the fabric product's life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible.

Units

The LCA results within this EPD are reported in SI units.

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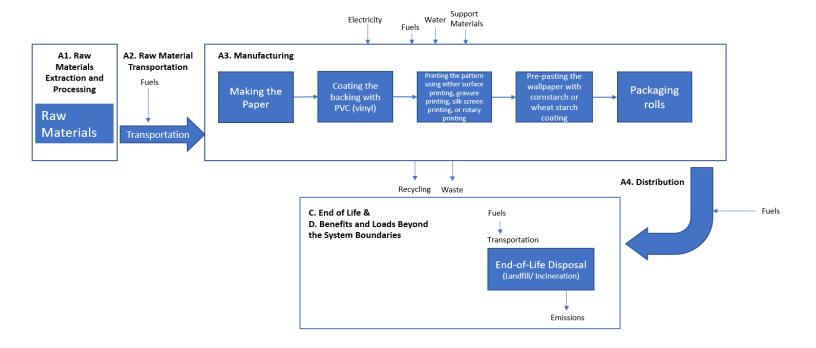
Additional Environmental Information

Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 10.6 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera, is used. The GaBi-database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online GaBi-documentation. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation, and auxiliary materials.

Manufacturing

The production process for wallcoverings starts with raw materials. Paper is made by debarking a tree and either grinding or chipping the tree into a slurry. The ground slurry is used to make ground-wood sheet which is an inexpensive backing. The chipped slurry is run through a pulp mill and bleached. Then the backing must be coated. Ground wood sheets are coated with colored vinyl (PVC). Wood pulp sheets are coating with one or all of the following: kaolin clay for drapability, titanium dioxide for opacity, and latex for easy handling and color. There are four ways to print the pattern. Surface printing is where metal rollers with a raised rubber pattern are mounted, ink is applied to the roller, and the roller is pressed into the paper. Gravure printing is where each color in the pattern is printed with a single roller- the roller is dipped in color and pressed on the paper, laid out to dry, and then repeated with the other colors of the pattern. Silk screen printing is where stencils are created for each color in the pattern from silk mesh screen, the stencil is laid on top of the paper, painted with the color permitted for that stencil, and then laid to dry before the next color stencil. Rotary printing mixes gravure printing with the stencil printing. Mesh stencils are wrapped around hollow tubes, ink flows through the tubes through the stencil and onto the paper. Printed wallpaper is either rolled with a wet cornstarch or wheat starch coating and then dried. Commercial-use rolls are generally packaged in 30, 45, and 60 yard rolls. They receive a run number, printed label, and hanging instructions before being stored in a warehouse until their final shipment.



Packaging

All packaging is fully recyclable. The packaging material is composed by cardboard, HDPE, LDPE, paper, and tape.

Material	Quantity (% By Weight)	Mass (g/m2)
Cardboard	93.32%	63.3
HDPE	0.34%	0.23
LDPE	6.10%	4.14
Paper	0.13%	0.09
Таре	0.10%	0.07
Total	100%	67.83

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According to

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Transportation

Trek, and Bespoke Wall

Transport to Building Site (A4)									
Name	Value	Unit							
Fuel type		Diesel							
Liters of fuel	38	l/100km							
Transport distance	800	km							
Capacity utilization (including empty runs)	90	%							
Gross density of products transported	-	kg/m³							
Weight of products transported	-	kg							
Volume of products transported	-	m ³							
Capacity utilization volume factor	1.00	-							

Disposal

End of life (C1-C4)										
Name Value										
Collected separately	0.18	kg								
Collected as mixed construction waste	0.75	kg								
Reuse	0.00	kg								
Recycling	0.00	kg								
Landfilling	0.75	kg								
Incineration with energy recovery	0.18	kg								
Energy conversion	44%	%								
Material for final deposition	0.93	kg								
Removals of biogenic carbon	0.00	kg								

Re-use Phase

Re-Use, recovery, And/Or Recycling Poten	Re-Use, recovery, And/Or Recycling Potential (D)									
Name	Value	Unit								
Net energy benefit from energy recovery from waste treatment declared as exported energy in C3 (R>0.6)	0.00	MJ								
Net energy benefit from thermal energy due to treatment of waste declared as exported energy in C4 (R<0.6)	0.00	MJ								
Net energy benefit from material flow declared in C3 for energy recovery	0.00	MJ								
Process and conversion efficiencies	-									
Further assumptions for scenario development (e.g. further processing technologies, assumptions on correction factors);										

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LCA Results per Declared Unit

				EN15804 + A	2 Impact As	sessment					
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A 1	A2	А3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	Total	kg CO2 eq	2.92E+00	8.03E-02	2.77E-01	1.08E-01	0.00E+00	8.81E-03	0.00E+00	6.19E-01	0.00E+00
	Fossil	kg CO2 eq	3.04E+00	8.03E-02	2.69E-01	1.08E-01	0.00E+00	8.81E-03	0.00E+00	1.47E-01	0.00E+00
Climate Change	Biogenic	kg CO2 eq	-1.12E-01	0.00E+00	7.68E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.72E-01	0.00E+00
	Land use and land use change	kg CO2 eq	2.86E-04	0.00E+00	1.82E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.30E-06	0.00E+00
Ozone Depletion		kg CFC-11 eq	7.93E-10	2.04E-12	1.56E-13	2.75E-12	0.00E+00	2.24E-13	0.00E+00	5.00E-14	0.00E+00
Acidification		Mole of H+ eq	1.29E-02	5.22E-04	1.91E-04	7.03E-04	0.00E+00	5.73E-05	0.00E+00	9.18E-04	0.00E+00
	Freshwater	kg P eq	2.54E-05	2.24E-08	1.48E-07	3.02E-08	0.00E+00	2.46E-09	0.00E+00	2.92E-05	0.00E+00
Eutrophication	Marine	kg N eq	2.01E-03	2.01E-04	8.16E-05	2.71E-04	0.00E+00	2.20E-05	0.00E+00	4.71E-04	0.00E+00
	Terrestrial	Mole of N eq	2.17E-02	2.19E-03	6.88E-04	2.95E-03	0.00E+00	2.40E-04	0.00E+00	4.01E-03	0.00E+00
Photochemical ozone formation	Human Health	kg NMVOC eq	6.19E-03	5.92E-04	2.10E-04	7.97E-04	0.00E+00	6.49E-05	0.00E+00	5.17E-04	0.00E+00
Depletion of	Mineral and metals	kg Sb eq	2.67E-07	0.00E+00	1.82E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.07E-10	0.00E+00
abiotic resources	Fossils	MJ	5.43E+01	1.01E+00	3.93E+00	1.36E+00	0.00E+00	1.11E-01	0.00E+00	3.56E-01	0.00E+00
Water Use		m ³ world eq	1.98E+00	0.00E+00	-8.02E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.41E-02	0.00E+00
Particulate matter		Disease incidences	1.44E-07	2.06E-09	2.51E-09	2.78E-09	0.00E+00	2.26E-10	0.00E+00	6.88E-09	0.00E+00
Ionizing Radiation ¹	Human Health	kBq U235 eq.	9.96E-02	1.78E-20	9.24E-04	2.39E-20	0.00E+00	1.95E-21	0.00E+00	5.37E-04	0.00E+00
Ecotoxicity ²	Freshwater	CTUe	2.96E+02	4.26E+00	5.55E-01	5.74E+00	0.00E+00	4.67E-01	0.00E+00	6.89E+00	0.00E+00
Human Toxicity ²	Cancer	CTUh	6.37E-07	2.13E-11	6.56E-11	2.86E-11	0.00E+00	2.33E-12	0.00E+00	7.73E-11	0.00E+00
Human Toxicity	Non-cancer	CTUh	1.27E-07	2.01E-09	1.32E-09	2.70E-09	0.00E+00	2.20E-10	0.00E+00	8.93E-09	0.00E+00
Land Use ²		Pt	3.27E+01	0.00E+00	6.87E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.56E-02	0.00E+00

Disclaimer 1 - This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low doze ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure, nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities, Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon, and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 - The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with case as the uncertainties on these results are high, or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.

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According to

ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

EN 15804 +A2 Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

	TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment												
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
	Fossil	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	2.84E+00	7.85E-02	2.64E-01	1.06E-01	0.00E+00	8.61E-03	0.00E+00	3.54E-01	0.00E+00		
	Biogenic	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	7.80E-02	0.00E+00									
GWP	Land Use and Land Transformation	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	2.41E+00	7.67E-02	2.51E-01	1.03E-01	0.00E+00	8.41E-03	0.00E+00	3.79E-01	0.00E+00		
	Total	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	5.33E+00	1.55E-01	5.15E-01	2.09E-01	0.00E+00	1.70E-02	0.00E+00	7.33E-01	0.00E+00		
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	7.86E-10	2.97E-12	3.08E-15	4.00E-12	0.00E+00	3.26E-13	0.00E+00	1.24E-15	0.00E+00		
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.08E-02	4.71E-04	1.93E-04	6.35E-04	0.00E+00	5.17E-05	0.00E+00	2.20E-03	0.00E+00		
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	9.77E-04	2.61E-05	3.22E-05	3.52E-05	0.00E+00	2.86E-06	0.00E+00	8.52E-04	0.00E+00		
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	9.78E-02	1.30E-02	4.12E-03	1.75E-02	0.00E+00	1.42E-03	0.00E+00	7.86E-03	0.00E+00		
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	5.59E+00	1.39E-01	5.27E-01	1.87E-01	0.00E+00	1.52E-02	0.00E+00	7.17E-02	0.00E+00		

^{*}All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML Methodology.

	CML 4.1 Impact Assessment												
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	2.90E+00	7.87E-02	2.67E-01	1.06E-01	0.00E+00	8.63E-03	0.00E+00	3.81E-01	0.00E+00		
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	7.29E-10	2.96E-12	1.79E-13	3.99E-12	0.00E+00	3.25E-13	0.00E+00	7.23E-14	0.00E+00		
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO₂-Eq.	1.11E-02	3.87E-04	1.54E-04	5.22E-04	0.00E+00	4.25E-05	0.00E+00	7.93E-04	0.00E+00		
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	1.00E-03	6.90E-05	3.55E-05	9.29E-05	0.00E+00	7.56E-06	0.00E+00	9.50E-04	0.00E+00		
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	9.52E-04	4.52E-05	2.80E-05	6.09E-05	0.00E+00	4.96E-06	0.00E+00	1.79E-04	0.00E+00		
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	1.15E-05	3.26E-11	1.03E-07	4.39E-11	0.00E+00	3.58E-12	0.00E+00	1.77E-08	0.00E+00		
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	4.63E+01	1.00E+00	3.80E+00	1.35E+00	0.00E+00	1.10E-01	0.00E+00	5.67E-01	0.00E+00		

^{*}All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

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Certified Environmental Product Declaration www.nstorg

According to

ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

EN 15804 +A2

Knoll Textiles

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00								
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00								
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00								
FW	Use of net fresh water	m ³	4.67E-02	0.00E+00	3.59E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.11E-04	0.00E+00
PERE	Use of renewable primary energy	MJ	4.72E+00	0.00E+00	8.14E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.88E-02	0.00E+00
PERM	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	0.00E+00								
PERT	Total Use of Renewable primary energy	MJ	4.72E+00	0.00E+00	8.14E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.88E-02	0.00E+00
PENRE	Use of Non-renewable Primary Energy	MJ	5.43E+01	1.01E+00	3.93E+00	1.36E+00	0.00E+00	1.11E-01	0.00E+00	3.60E-01	0.00E+00
PENRM	Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	0.00E+00								
PENRT	Total Use of Non- renewable Primary Energy	MJ	5.43E+01	1.01E+00	3.93E+00	1.36E+00	0.00E+00	1.11E-01	0.00E+00	3.60E-01	0.00E+00

^{*}All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows and Waste Categories											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	1.64E-08	0.00E+00	2.84E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.42E-11	0.00E+00
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	5.51E-03	0.00E+00	9.58E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.82E-01	0.00E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg or m ³	1.03E-03	0.00E+00	9.40E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.22E-06	0.00E+00
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low- level radioactive waste	kg or m ³	0.00E+00								
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00								
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00								
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00								
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00								

^{*}All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

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According to

ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

EN 15804 +A2

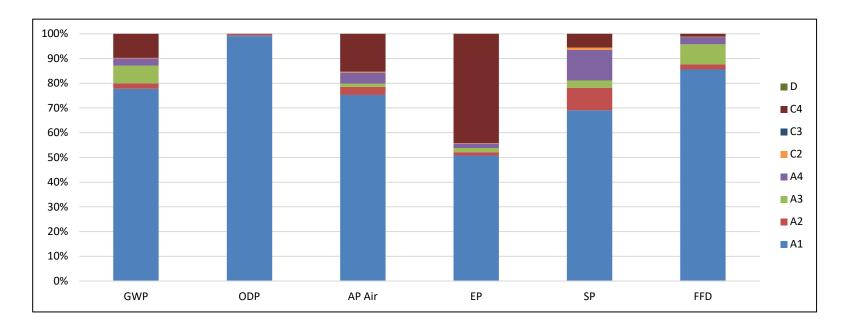
Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
ВСЕР	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO₂	0.00E+00								
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	7.80E-02	0.00E+00							
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.80E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO₂	0.00E+00								
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non-renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								

^{*}All disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

LCA Interpretation

The raw materials life cycle stage (A1) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. Raw materials account for 90% or more of the impact for all categories. The main drivers for raw materials include the electricity and materials used to construct the products. Transportation of raw materials final distribution, and manufacturing impacts were low compared to the raw materials themselves and the manufacturing process.



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Product Declaration

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EN 15804 +A2

Additional Environmental Information

Environmental and Health During Manufacturing

There are no known health and safety concerns when manufacturing the fabrics in this group. There are no emissions to indoor air after or during installation.

Environmental and Health During Installation

There is no impact on health with these fabrics when being applied to furniture. Most of the products in this grouping are certified as Clean Air Gold for their low VOC emissions.

Extraordinary Effects

Fire

No danger to the environment can be anticipated.

Water

Contain no known substances that have any impact on water in case of flood.

Mechanical Destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

Delayed Emissions

Global warming potential is calculated using the TRACI 2.1 and CML 4.1 impact assessment methodologies. Delayed emissions are not considered.

Environmental Activities and Certifications

Globally recognized for pioneering modern fabrics using advanced materials and techniques, KnollTextiles is proud to offer a wide selection of sustainably designed products. Dedicated to environmental stewardship and transparency, we strive to meet our customers' needs for sustainability, healthier materials and third-party certification.

Further Information

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Trek, and Bespoke Wall EN 15804 +A2



According to

ISO 14025 and EN 15804 + A2

References

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	Characterization Method	Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources using Environmental Chambers- version 1.2, January 2017.
	Characterization Method	Intertek Clean Air Gold Certification, ISO 17065 accredited