

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

## **EZPoxy EZ Clean - Grout**







Program Operator	NSF Certification LLC 789 N. Dixboro, Ann Arbor, MI 48105  www.nsf.org							
Manufacturer Name and Address	Bostik, Inc. 11320 W. Watertown Plank Road Wauwatosa, WI 53226							
Declaration Number	EPD10977							
Declared Product and Functional Unit	EZ Poxy 1 kg of non-cementitious grout							
Reference PCR and Version Number	ISO 21930: Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works - Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services (ISO, 2017)							
Product's intended Application and Use	Flooring and Wall Applications							
Product RSL	N/A							
Markets of Applicability	North America							
Date of Issue	07/05/2024							
Period of Validity	5 years from date of issue							
EPD Type	Product Specific							
Range of Dataset Variability	N/A							
EPD Scope	Cradle to Gate with Options (A1-A5, C1-C4)							
Year of reported manufacturer primary data	2019							
LCA Software and Version Number	GaBi 10.6.1.265							
LCI Database and Version Number	GaBi Database Service Pack 2022.1							
LCIA Methodology and Version Number	TRACI 2.1 IPCC AR6							
The sub-category PCR review was conducted by:	No subcategory PCR is available. ISO 21930 serves as the core PCR for this EPD.							
This declaration was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14025: 2006, ISO 21930:2017,	Jack Geibig - EcoForm igeibig@ecoform.com							
serves as the core PCR, with additional considerations	<u>Igelbigaecolorni.com</u>							
from the USGBC/UL Environment Part A Enhancement (2017)	Jack Heley							
□ Internal  □ External	<i>( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (</i>							
This life cycle assessment was conducted in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by:	WAP Sustainability Consulting							
	Jack Geibig - EcoForm							
This life cycle assessment was independently verified	jgeibig@ecoform.com							
in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by:	Jack Heiling							

Limitations:
Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.
EPDs are comparable only if they comply with ISO 21930:2017, include all relevant information modules and are based on equivalent scenarios with respect to the context of construction works.



#### **Product Definition and Information**

#### **Description of Company**

Bostik is a world-class leader in sealing and bonding technologies. We create smart adhesive solutions for both industries and consumers, covering a broad range of markets such as construction, packaging, automotive, high tech, hygiene products, etc. The adhesive division of the Arkema Group, a specialty materials leader, Bostik benefits from unique research & development capabilities to help build a world that is safer, more sustainable, and adaptive. With over 2 billion USD annual sales and over 6,000 people, Bostik is present in more than 50 countries.

#### **Product Description**

Bostik EzPoxy™ EzClean™ is a 100% Solids Epoxy Mortar & Grout with outstanding application and clean-up properties. Use with ceramic, quarry, porcelain, granite, slate, pre-cast terrazzo, dimensional and moisture sensitive stone tiles over properly prepared concrete, structurally sound, exterior grade plywood (interior/dry use only), cement backer board, Bostik GoldPlusTM, Ultra-Set® Advanced, Black-TopTM and existing ceramic tile. No substances required to be reported as hazardous are associated with the production of this product.

#### **Application**

Bostik EzPoxy™ EzClean™ is a 100% solids epoxy mortar and grout used as a product for filling crevices such as the spaces and joints between wall or floor tiles and often serves as a design element during tile installation.

#### **Declaration of Methodological Framework**

This LCA follows an attributional approach and is a cradle to gate with options (A1-A5, C1-C4) study.



#### **Technical Requirements**

Table 1 shows the technical specification of EzPoxy™ EzClean™ including any testing data as appropriate.

Table 1: Technical Data

EzPoxy EzClean									
Mass (when installed)	0.21	kg							
Density (when installed)	1,724	kg/m³							
Compressive Strength	4,782,088	kg/m² @ 28 days							
Pot Life	45 min	mins							
Mixture Proportion	0.35	Liters liquid/kg powder							

### **Properties of Declared Product as Delivered**

Grouts are traditionally packaged in paper bags or pals, which in turn are packaged into cardboard boxes. These cardboard boxes are shrink wrapped and loaded onto wooden pallets which are then delivered to the customer or job site.

#### **Material Composition**

Typical product composition provided by Bostik is summarized in Table 2.

Table 2: Product Composition

Ingredient Category	% of product by mass
Glass Wool	19.5%
Quartz	78.6%
Proprietary Additives	1.9%

<sup>\*</sup>This product contains no regulated substances.

#### **Manufacturing**

EZPoxy is manufactured in it's entirety by Bostik's supplier located in the USA and is sold by Bostik. Raw materials, including quartz, silica, calcium carbonate, portland cement, and other additive are stored into required for production. To manufacture  $EzPoxy^{TM}$   $EzClean^{TM}$  grout, these materials are batch mixed based on formulation and packaged in bags and then palletized. After this, they are transported to customer locations or job sites.

#### **Packaging**

 $EzPoxy^{TM}$   $EzClean^{TM}$  is primarily packaged in a plastic pail, with secondary/ tertiary packaging of shrink film and pallets.



#### **Transportation**

In this stage, the product is transported from the manufacturing site to the distributor, and finally to the application site. The product is delivered to the customer via truck and transportation distances were calculated based on sales records provided by Bostik.

#### **Production Installation**

Cement grout for tile installation is primarily installed by hand, with potential limited use of machines to mix the grout prior to application. Due to its material composition, grout is typically quite alkaline and, as such, eye and skin contact should be avoided, especially for prolonged periods and within small spaces. Additionally, precautions should be taken to reduce dust emissions and inhalation during the installation process. The installation safety instructions of a given grout product should be followed during application. Polymer modifier and water are mixed with grout powders for wet application. 4.5% of the total material is lost as waste which is then sent to the landfill.

#### Use

No use phase has been declared for the adhesive and sealant products since the anticipated reference service life depends on the specific installation situation and exposure associated with the products. It can be influenced by weather factors as well as by mechanical or chemical loads.

#### Reuse, Recycling, and Energy Recovery

Grout is typically not reused, recovered, and recycled.

#### **Disposal**

 $EzPoxy^{TM}$   $EzClean^{TM}$  is bonded to flooring substrates, therefore, when the substrate is removed or replaced, the product is disposed of with it. It was assumed at 100% of the product is sent to landfill. Distance to end-of-life facilities is assumed to be 100 km.

#### Life Cycle Assessment Background Information

#### **Declared Unit**

The declared unit according to the PCR is the 1 kg non-cementitious grout. This product requires no accessories to meet the requirements of the declared unit.

DimensionMass per declared unit [kg]1.05Productiveness [kg/m²]0.22

Table 3: Mass per declared unit



#### **System Boundary**

This LCA is a cradle to gate with options (A1-A5, C1-C4) study. An overview of the system boundary is shown in Figure 1.

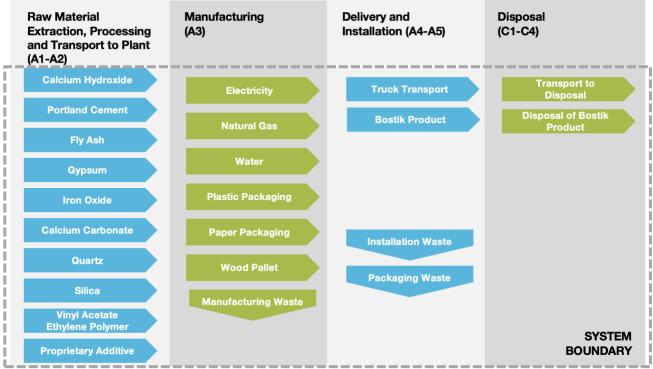


Figure 1: System Boundary

#### **Estimates and Assumptions**

All estimates and assumptions are within the requirements of ISO 14040/44. The majority of the estimations are within the primary data. The primary data was collected as annual totals including all utility usage and production information. For the LCA, the usage information was divided by the production volume to create an energy use per declared unit. Other assumptions are listed below:

- Availability of geographically more accurate datasets would have improved the accuracy of the study.
- Since this LCA uses the cut-off approach to recycled material in the product, no credit is given to product system but rather is exempted from the burden of extracting virgin material in place of using recycled material.
- Only known and quantifiable environmental impacts are considered.
- Due to the assumptions and value choices listed above, these do not reflect reallife scenarios and hence they cannot assess actual and exact impacts, but only potential environmental impacts.

#### **Cut-off Criteria**

Materials inputs greater than 1% (based on total mass of the final product) were included with the scope of this analysis. Material inputs less than 1% were included if sufficient data was available to warrant and/or the material input was thought to have significant environmental impact.



The list of excluded materials and energy inputs include:

- Some minor additives have been excluded (0.8%). The exclusion of these
  materials has no major impacts on the overall results. However, to account for
  this difference, the inputs were scaled up to fill in the missing additives to total
  the composition to 100%.
- As the tools used during the installation of the product are multi-use tools and can be reused after each installation, the per-declared unit impacts are considered negligible and therefore are not included.
- Some material inputs may have been excluded within the GaBi datasets used for this project. All GaBi datasets have been critically reviewed and conform to the exclusion requirement of ISO 21930.

There are no substances with hazardous and toxic properties that can be of concern for human health and/ or the environment in the products included in this study.

#### **Data Sources**

Primary data was collected by facility personnel and from utility bills and was used for all manufacturing processes. Whenever available, supplier data was used for raw materials used in the production processes. When primary data did not exist, secondary data for raw material production was utilized from LCA for Experts (formerly known as GaBi) Version 10.6.1.35, Database V2021.2.

#### **Data Quality Assessment**

The overall data quality is considered very good.

#### Geographical Coverage

The geographical scope of the manufacturing portion of the life cycle is USA. EZPoxy is manufactured by Bostik's suppliers and is a purchased finished good, sold by Bostik. The geographic coverage of primary data is considered excellent. Customer distribution, site installation, and use portions of the life cycle is mostly the United States.

In selecting secondary data (i.e. GaBi Datasets), priority was given to the accuracy and representativeness of the data. When available and deemed of significant quality, country-specific data were used. However, priority was given to technological relevance and accuracy in selecting secondary data. This often led to the substitution of regional and/or global data for country-specific data. Overall geographic data quality is considered good.



#### Time Coverage

Primary data were provided by the manufacturer and represent all information for calendar year 2019. The project commenced in 2021. Due to deviation from business-as-usual manufacturing in 2020, attributed to the COVID-19 pandemic, utility data from 2019 were used. EZPoxy is manufactured by Bostik's suppliers as purchased finished goods, sold by Bostik. Since primary data for manufacturing inputs (utilities consumption) was not available from suppliers, the highest manufacturing inputs from Bostik's facilities was used as a conservative estimate. Time coverage of this primary data is considered fair.

Data necessary to model cradle-to-gate unit processes were sourced from Sphera LCA for Experts (formerly known as GaBi) LCI datasets. Time coverage of the LCA for Experts (formerly known as GaBi) datasets varies from approximately 2010 to present. All datasets rely on at least one 1-year average data. Overall time coverage of the datasets is considered good and meets the requirement of the PCR that all data be updated within a 10- year period.

#### **Technological Coverage**

EzPoxy EzClean is manufactured by Bostik's suppliers and is a purchased finished good, sold by Bostik. Since primary data for manufacturing inputs (utilities consumption) was not available from suppliers, the highest manufacturing inputs from Bostik's facilities was used as a conservative estimate. It is worth noting that the energy used in manufacturing the product includes overhead energy such as lighting, heating and sanitary use of water.

Sub-metering was not available to extract process-only energy use from the total energy use. Sub-metering would improve the technological coverage of data quality. Data necessary to model cradle-to-gate unit processes was sourced from GaBi LCI datasets. Technological coverage of the datasets is considered good relative to the actual supply chain of the manufacturer. While improved life cycle data from suppliers would improve technological coverage, the use of lower-quality generic datasets does meet the goal of this LCA.

#### **Period under Review**

The period under review is calendar year 2019.

#### **Allocation**

General principles of allocation were based on ISO 14040/44. There are no products other than the product under study that are produced as part of the manufacturing processes. Since there are no co-products, no allocation based on co-products is required. To derive per-unit values for manufacturing inputs, allocation based on total production by mass was adopted.



## Life Cycle Assessment Scenarios

Table 4: Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Fuel Type	Diesel	-
Fuel Efficiency	44.7	L/100km
Vehicle Type	US: Truck-Heavy Heavy-duty Diesel Truck / 53,333 lb payload	-
Transportation Distance	500	km
Capacity utilization (including empty runs, mass based)	67	%
Weight of products transported (if gross density not reported)	1.045	kg
Capacity utilization volume factor (factor: =1 pr <1 or ≥1 for compressed or nested packaging products)	1	1

Table 5: Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Polymer modifier	0.02	kg
Net Freshwater Consumption	0.22	m³
Product wastage	4.5	%
Waste materials at the construction site before waste processing, generated by product installation	0.09	kg
Pulp waste to incineration	0.0024	kg
Pulp waste to landfill	0.010	kg
Pulp waste to recycling	0.036	kg
Biogenic Carbon in wooden pallet	0.0660	kg CO₂e
Biogenic Carbon in paper	0.0082	kg CO₂e



Table 6: End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit	
Assumptions for scenario development (description collection, recovery, disposal method, and transport	-	-	
	Collected separately	-	kg
Collection process (specified by type)	Collected with mixed construction waste	1.24	kg
	Reuse	-	kg
	Recycling	-	kg
	Landfill	1.24	kg
Recovery (specified by type)	Incineration	-	kg
	Incineration with energy recovery	-	kg
	Energy conversation efficiency rate	-	-
Disposal (specified by type)	1.24	kg	
Removals of biogenic carbon (excluding packaging)		-	kg CO <sub>2</sub>

## **Life Cycle Assessment Results**

Table 7: Description of the system boundary modules

	PRODUCT STAGE			T IC	ON CESS	USE STAGE					ENI	OF L	IFE STA	GE	BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY		
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	В2	ВЗ	B4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to site	Assembly/Install	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Building Operational Energy	Building Operational Water Use During	Deconstruction	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery, Recycling Potential
Cradle to Gate with Options	X	X	X	X	X	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	X	X	X	X	ND



## **Life Cycle Impact Assessment Results**

Table 8: North American Impact Assessment Results

Impact Category	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	<b>C</b> 3	C4	D
TRACI LCIA Impacts and IPCC AR6 (North America)									
AP [kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq]	5.40E-03	1.94E-04	6.14E-04	ND	0.00E+00	2.81E-05	0.00E+00	4.56E-04	ND
EP [kg N eq]	4.62E-04	1.73E-05	4.94E-05	ND	0.00E+00	2.96E-06	0.00E+00	3.43E-04	ND
IPCC AR6 GWP [kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq]	2.60E+00	4.21E-02	2.00E-01	ND	0.00E+00	9.98E-03	0.00E+00	1.06E-01	ND
ODP [kg CFC 11 eq]	1.54E-08	7.91E-17	6.92E-10	ND	0.00E+00	1.88E-17	0.00E+00	3.36E-15	ND
ADP-fossil fuel [MJ] (CML)	6.07E+00	7.80E-02	5.18E-01	ND	0.00E+00	1.86E-02	0.00E+00	2.02E-01	ND
SFP [kg O₃ eq]	8.89E-02	4.49E-03	6.67E-03	ND	0.00E+00	6.41E-04	0.00E+00	8.01E-03	ND
		Ca	arbon Emis	sions and l	Jptake				
BCRP [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND
BCEP [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND
BCRK [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	8.21E-02	0.00E+00	3.69E-03	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND
BCEK [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.58E-02	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND
BCEW [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND
CCE [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND
CCR [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND
CWNR [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND



## **Life Cycle Inventory Results**

Table 9: Resource use, waste, and output flow results

Impact Category	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
Resource Use Indicators										
RPR <sub>E</sub> [MJ]	5.74E+00	2.29E-02	3.80E-01	ND	0.00E+00	5.45E-03	0.00E+00	1.50E-01	ND	
RPR <sub>M</sub> [MJ]	8.69E-01	0.00E+00	3.91E-02	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
RPR <sub>T</sub> [MJ]	6.61E+00	2.29E-02	4.19E-01	ND	0.00E+00	5.45E-03	0.00E+00	1.50E-01	ND	
NRPR <sub>E</sub> [MJ]	2.31E+01	5.89E-01	2.89E+00	ND	0.00E+00	1.40E-01	0.00E+00	1.60E+00	ND	
NRPR <sub>M</sub> [MJ]	2.84E+01	0.00E+00	1.28E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
NRPR <sub>T</sub> [MJ]	5.14E+01	5.89E-01	4.17E+00	ND	0.00E+00	1.40E-01	0.00E+00	1.60E+00	ND	
SM [kg]	5.00E-02	0.00E+00	2.25E-03	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
RSF [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
NRSF [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
RE [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
FW [m³]	1.18E-02	8.23E-05	1.12E-03	ND	0.00E+00	1.96E-05	0.00E+00	2.29E-04	ND	
		Ou	tput Flows	and Waste	Categories					
HWD [kg]	5.27E-09	2.45E-12	3.34E-10	ND	0.00E+00	5.83E-13	0.00E+00	5.98E-11	ND	
NHWD [kg]	1.96E-01	5.06E-05	1.28E-01	ND	0.00E+00	1.20E-05	0.00E+00	2.49E+00	ND	
HLRW [kg]	1.41E-06	1.93E-09	8.82E-08	ND	0.00E+00	4.61E-10	0.00E+00	1.60E-08	ND	
ILLRW [kg]	1.18E-03	1.63E-06	8.49E-05	ND	0.00E+00	3.88E-07	0.00E+00	1.40E-05	ND	
CRU [kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
MR [kg]	5.99E-04	0.00E+00	3.29E-02	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
MER [kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.19E-03	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
EEE [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	
EET [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	



#### **LCA Interpretation**

Overall, the dominance analysis shows that the vast majority of the impacts for all products are in the aggregated A1-A3 phase. A1-A3 includes raw material sourcing, transportation, and manufacturing. Following the A1-A3 phase in magnitude is the A5 phase which includes installation of the product. Global warming impacts from the installation phase are due to the use of materials for installation of grout.

For grout, in the sourcing and extraction stage, the largest contributors to the impacts in terms of raw materials are portland cement (51%), colorants (8.3%), sand (3.7%) and VAE copolymer (2.3%). Within manufacturing, electricity contributes to 20.2% of overall GWP impacts while thermal energy from natural gas contributes to 5.1%.

Shipping to customer contributes around 4% of total GWP impacts, while installation contributes around 6.3% of GWP impacts. Finally, disposal of the product to landfill contributes 6.74% to total GWP impacts.

#### **Additional Environmental Information**

#### **Environmental and Health During Manufacturing**

Bostik is governed by federal and local requirements for dust control. Where applicable, dust collection systems are incorporated in processes to optimize material usage and mitigate airborne dust and particulate matter with the factory.

#### **Environment and Health During Installation**

Refer to SDS for any PPE requirements. Contact manufacturer for OSHA Respirable Silica compliance information.

### **Extraordinary Effects**

#### **Fire**

Once cured, grout is fire resistant

#### Water

Once cured, grout is non-sensitive to moisture.

#### **Mechanical destruction**

Tile should not be installed until any and all structural damage to the building has been adequately repaired and determined to be code compliant. Surface must be structurally sound, stable, and rigid enough to support grout, mortar, and tile, in additional to any other ancillary tile installation products.



### **Delayed Emissions**

Inherently, cement grouts do not emit VOCs.

#### **Environmental Activities and Certifications**

 $EzPoxy^{TM}$   $EzClean^{TM}$  has a Health Product Declaration (HPD) which can be found at <a href="https://www.hpd-collaborative.org/hpd-public-repository/">https://www.hpd-collaborative.org/hpd-public-repository/</a>.

These products also have FloorScore certificates that can be found here: <a href="https://www.scsglobalservices.com/certified-green-products-guide?q=bostik&program=301">https://www.scsglobalservices.com/certified-green-products-guide?q=bostik&program=301</a>.

More information on Bostik's products can be found on their website.



## **Supporting Documentation**

The full text of the acronyms are found in Table 10.

Table 10: Acronym Key

Acronym	Text	Acronym	Text			
	LCA Inc	licators				
ADP- elements	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	GWP	Global warming potential			
ADP- fossil	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	OPD	Depletion of stratospheric ozone layer			
AP	Acidification potential of soil and water	POCP	Photochemical ozone creation potential			
EP	Eutrophication potential	Resources	Depletion of non-renewable fossil fuels			
LCI Indicato	rs					
RPRE	Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	RPR <sub>M</sub>	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials			
NRPR <sub>E</sub>	Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	NRPR <sub>M</sub>	Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials			
SM	Use of secondary materials	FW	Net use of fresh water			
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	NRSF	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels			
HWD	Disposed-of-hazardous waste	MR	Materials for recycling			
NHWD	Disposed-of non-hazardous waste	MER	Materials for energy recovery			
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository	ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository			
CRU	Components for reuse	EE	Exported energy			
RE	Recovered Energy					
Biogenic Ca	rbon Indicators					
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Processes			
ВСЕР	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Product	CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions			
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removals			
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Packaging	CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- Renewable Sources used in Production Processes			



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