RCP Block & Brick

8x8x16 Medium Weight CMU ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION







RCP Block & Brick, Inc

Family owned and operated, RCP Block & Brick has been manufacturing and supplying Southern California contractors and homeowners with the highest quality masonry and hardscape products since 1947.

The story of growth from our humble beginnings to where we are today is one of our commitments to the core values on which the company was founded.

Our selection of product is unmatched, and our knowledgeable sales staff is here to help you get the job done right.

Our Mission:

"Focusing on our customers', vendors', and our own success - Improving our world one block at a time."

To learn more about RCP Block & Brick visit our website at: www.rcpblock.com

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ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION VERIFICATION

EPD Information							
Program Operator		NSF International					
Declaration Holder		RCP Block & Brick					
Product 8X8X16 Medium Weight CMU	Date of Issue March 12, 2018	Period of Validity 5 Years	Declaration Number EPD100118				
This EPD was independently International in accordance wi 21930:	verified by NSF	Gray On					
Internal	🛛 External	Jenny Oorbeck joorbeck@nsf.org					
This life cycle assessment wa by in accordance with ISO 14		Jack Heiling					
PCR:		Jack Geibig jgeibig@ecoform.com					
LCA Information							
Basis LCA		Life Cycle Assessment Manager for Manufactured Concrete and Concrete Masonry Product EPD February, 2015					
LCA Preparer		David R.Green BASF Corporation 216-839-7803					
This life cycle assessment wa accordance with ISO 14044 b	-	Jack Geibig Ecoform, LLC jgeibig@ecoform.com					
PCR Information							
Program Operator		NSF International					
Reference PCR		Manuctured Concrete and Concrete Masonry Products (UN CPC 3755)					
Date of Issue		December, 2014					
PCR review was conducted by	y:	Nicholas Santero PE International ASTM International http://www.astm.org					

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Environmental Product Declaration for Manufactured Concrete and Concrete Masonry Products

Declared Unit: 1 yd³ of concrete

TOTAL PRIMARY ENERGY CONSUMPTION	RCP Block & Brick 8X8X16 Medium Weight CMU
Nonrenewable Fossil	1,739 MJ
Nonrenewable Nuclear	Included in fossil
Renewable (solar, wind, hydroelectric, and geothermal)	31.9 MJ
Renewable (biomass)	2.4 MJ
TOTAL MATERIAL RESOURCE CONSUMPTION	
Nonrenewable Material Resources	1,667 kg
Renewable material resources	0.0004 kg
Net fresh water	0.65 l
Non-hazardous generated	0 kg
Hazardous waste generated	0 kg

LIFE CYCLE IMPACT CATEGORY INDICATOR

Global Warming Potential	294 kg CO₂ eq
Acidification Potential	1.4 kg SO₂ eq
Eutrophication Potential	0.04 kg N eq
Smog Creation Potential	16.6 kg O₃ eq
Ozone Depletion Potential	9.1E-07 kg CFC-11 eq

characterization factors based on TRACI 2.1

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ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION: DETAILED VERSION

Product Description

The RCP Block & Brick 8x8x16 medium weight concrete masonry units (Product 050802101) represented by this cradle-to-gate EPD are produced at one plant located in San Diego, California under ASTM C-90 and ASTM C-129 specifications for loadbearing and non-loadbearing concrete masonry units. The concrete masonry units are used in a wide variety of masonry structures.



Declared Unit

The ASTM PCR for concrete and concrete masonry products only covers the cradle-to-gate life-cycle stages. Therefore, the declared unit for this EPD is one (1) yd³ of concrete formed into manufactured concrete and concrete masonry products. The EPD may be presented additionally per one (1) yd³ of concrete. This EPD covers only the cradle-to-gate impacts of manufactured concrete and concrete masonry products using a declared unit, and the results cannot be used to compare between products.

System Boundaries

Based on the ASTM PCR, the system boundaries are defined as the modules for raw material supply, transportation of inbound materials and the manufacturing process also known as the Product Stage. The stages include extraction and processing of raw materials (raw material supply), the average or specific transportation of raw materials from extraction site or source to the manufacturing site including empty backhauls (transportation of inbound materials) and the manufacturing of the product including the batching and mixing of the concrete, forming of the units, curing of the units and the applicable post-production finishing of the units which includes the packaging with associated transportation and waste disposal in preparing the product for shipment. (manufacturing process).



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Waste Management

Hazardous and non-hazardous waste generated within the system boundaries and transported outside of the plant facility are reported in the EPD per declared unit.



Certification Other Standards/Additional Testing Requirements

Each product presented in this EPD conforms to the appropriate ASTM and/or CSA specification which provide detailed descriptions and specifications for each of the products.



Allocation Rules

A production process that generates more than one type of product may require the allocation of environmental flows from the process to the different products to get product-

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based inventory data. If allocation is necessary, the requirements and guidance of ISO 14044, Section 4.3.4 are followed.

- i.Recycled and recovered materials are considered raw materials. Only the materials, water, energy, emissions and other elemental flows associated with reprocessing, handling, sorting and transportation from the point of the generating industrial process to their use in the production process was considered.
- ii. Slag, fly ash and silica fume are considered recovered materials, not co-products.
- iii. Allocation related to the transporation of materials is based on the mass of the transported material or product.
- iv.Emissions from the downstram recycling or combustion of a product after the end-of-waste state is allocated to the new downstream product(s). Incineration of wastes for energy production at the primary production site are allocated to the building product unless the energy is exported.
- v. Concrete that is crushed for recycling and used as a substitute for aggregate for the production of manufactured concrete and concrete masonry products is treated as closed-loop recycling. The flows and impacts associated with the recovery and crushing of the recycled concrete is taken into account and allocation is not necessary as the use of secondary material displaces the use of primary materials.
- vi. A deviation of greater than 20% where different allocation options are relevant requires a sensitivity analysis. The different allocation approaches and data sets are documented within this EPD.

Multiply	Ву	To convert to
Square meter (m ²)	10.76391	Square foot (ft ²)
Kilogram (kg)	2.204622	Pound (lb)
Megajoule (MJ)	947.8170	British Thermal Unit (BTU)
Degree Celsius (°C)	(°C*9/5)+32	Degree fahrenheit (°F)
Cubic meter (m ³)	35.31466	Cubic foot (ft ³)
Meter (m)	3.281	Foot (ft)
Metric tonne (t)	1.102	Ton

Units and Quantities

The standard SI unit is used for reporting results. IP units reported are converted using the following conversion factors.

Calculation Rules and Data Quality Requirements

Calculations

All inputs and outputs of a unit process for which data is reasonably available is included in the calculations. Any application of the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs is documented. Data gaps that have been filled with conservative assumtions with average or generic data is documented.

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The cutoff criteria for the consideration of flows is as follows:

Mass – a flow less than 1% of the cumulative mass of the model flows may be excluded if its environmental relevance is minor.

Energy – a flow less than 1% of the cumulative energy of the system model may be excluded if its environmental relevance is minor.

Environmental relevance – material and energy flows that are known or expected to have potentially relevant emissions to air, water or soil relative to the indicators noted in the PCR are included.

At least 95% of the energy usage and mass flow are included. The life cycle impact data includes at least 95% of all elementary flows that contribute to each of the declared category indicators.

Data Quality

• The data used in the generation of this EPD is representative according to the temporal, geographical and technological requirements of the PCR.

• The information representing the manufacturing process uses annual average values.

• The average background data is less than ten years for industry average data and five years for producer specific data.

• The owner of the EPD that is not the owner of all upstream processes contacted their suppliers within the system boundary for upstream data. The best available data from literature was used when upstream data was not provided. The literature based data meets the data quality requirements of the PCR.



Product Characteristics

This EPD represents the specific environmental impacts associated with the production of load-bearing concrete masonry units suitable for non-load bearing and load-bearing applications and complies with ASTM C90 or CSA A165.1.



Material Content/Base Materials

The materials for the production of 8x8x16 medium weight concrete masonry units are listed here by mass range (lbs/yd³) for producer confidentiality.

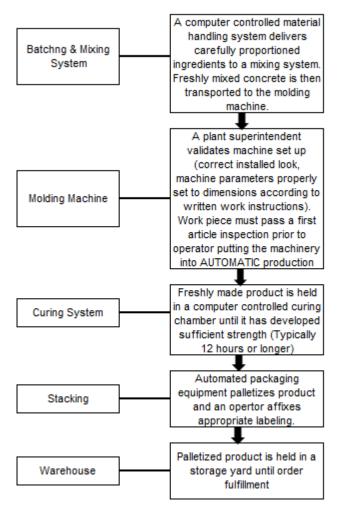
Ingredient	Mass
Cement	350-400
Washed concrete sand	2,000-2,350
Plaster	125-175
Cinder	300-350
Water	95-105
MasterCast 750	0-1
MasterCast 900	0-1

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Production/Manufacturing

The product manufacturing phase includes the extraction and processing of raw materials, the average or specific transportation of raw materials from extraction site or source to the manufacturing site including empty backhauls and the manufacturing of the product including the batching and mixing of the concrete, forming of the units, curing of the units and the applicable post production finishing of the units.



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Life Cycle Assessment Stages

The life-cycle stages and individual modules included within the LCA system boundaries are shown here. The EPD that are based on this PCR include modules A1-A3. The results of these modules may be reported as one aggregated module A1-A3.

P	roduct Stag	ge		ruction is Stage		Use Stage					End of Life Stage				
Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction-installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal
Al	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4

Life-cycle Stages and Modules - highlighted area is included in the EPD Manager

Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

The data used for the generation of EPD are representative according to temporal, geographical and technological requirements per the PCR. Additional details are provided in the EPD Project Report.

Temporal: The information obtained from the manufacturing process is based on annual values generated within the past twelve-month period. Any average background data greater than ten years old is noted in the attached table and accompanied by a statement attesting to the validity of the data.

Geographical: The geographic region for the relevant life-cycle stages included in the calculation of representative data is documented in the following table.

Technological: All of the data is representative of current technology in use.

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LCI	Data Source	Version	Year (Updated)	Region	Technology	
Portland Cement	GaBi	6.115	2014	United States	Current	
Washed Concrete Sand	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Plaster	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Cinders	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Water	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Wood	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Cardboard	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Plastic	GaBi	6.115	2014	Regional average	Current	
Electricity	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Diesel	GaBi	6.115	2016	United States	Current	
Natural Gas	GaBi	6.115	2016	United States	Current	
MasterCast 750	GaBi/BASF	6.115	2016	United States	Current	
MasterCast 900	GaBi/BASF	6.115	2016	United States	Current	
MasterAir VR 10	GaBi/BASF	6.115	2016	United States	Current	
Truck Transport	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Rail Transport	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	
Sea Transport	GaBi	6.115	2015	United States	Current	

Parameters to be Declared in the EPD

The information declared in this EPD is based on the requirements of the PCR. The results are presented on page 3 of this document and include the declaration of environmental category indicators, the use of resources and the generation of waste. The results presented are based on the specific product description for this EPD. This EPD covers only the cradle-to-gate impacts of manufactured concrete and concrete masonry products using a declared unit, and the results cannot be used to compare between products. EPD that are created using different PCR may not be compatible. Additional information and explanatory materials can be requested through NSF International. In the event that this EPD represents an average performance for the products depicted, the EPD will represent an average performance.



Other Environmental Information

Additional information on environmental programs at RCP Block & Brick may be found at http://www.rcpblock.com/green.html

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References

1. ASTM International Product Category Rules (PCR) for Manufactured Concrete and Concrete Masonry Products (UN CPC 3755), December 2014.

2. Saling, P., A. Kicherer, B. Dittrich-Kraemer, R. Wittlinger, W. Zombik, I. Schmidt, W. Schrott, and S. Schmidt. 2002. Eco-efficiency Analysis by BASF: The Method. Int. J. Life Cycle Assess., 7 (4): 203.

3. Shonnard, D.; Kicherer, A; and Saling, P. Industrial Applications Using BASF Eco-Efficiency Analysis: Perspectives on Green Engineering Principles. Environ. Sci. Technol. 2003, 37, 5340-5348.

4. ISO, International Organization for Standardization. Environmental Management-Life Cycle Assessment-Principles and Framework; ISO 14040:2006; ISO 14044:2006. ISO, Geneva, Switzerland, www.iso.org (2006)

5. ISO, International Organization for Standardization. Environmental Management- Ecoefficiency assessment of product systems -- Principles, requirements and guidelines; ISO 14045. ISO, Geneva, Switzerland, www.iso.org (2012)

6. Thinkstep: GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering, Copyright © 1992-2016 thinkstep AGBoustead Consulting Ltd UK, The Boustead Model 5.1.2600.2180 LCA database.

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