RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

Application: Torch Applied





Founded in 1886, GAF is the leading roofing manufacturer in North America. As a member of the Standard Industries family of companies, GAF is part of the largest roofing and waterproofing business in the world. The company's products include a comprehensive portfolio of roofing and waterproofing solutions for residential and commercial properties as well as for civil engineering applications. The full GAF portfolio of solutions is supported by an extensive national network of factory-certified contractors. GAF continues to be the leader in quality and offers comprehensive warranty protection on its products and systems. The company's success is driven by a commitment to empowering its people to deliver advanced quality and purposeful innovation. For more information about GAF, visit www.gaf.com.

A resilient and durable Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane for use in multiply roofing assemblies.



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025 and ISO 21930-2017. EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds – e.g., Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable.

EPD PROGRAM AND PROGRAM OPERATOR NAME, ADDRESS, LOGO, AND WEBSITE	NSF International, 789 N. Dixboro Rd, Ann Arbor, MI 48105, www.nsf.org	
GENERAL PROGRAM INSTRUCTIONS AND VERSION NUMBER	NSF Certification Policies for Environmental Product Declarations (EPD): November 1, 2022	
MANUFACTURER NAME AND ADDRESS	GAF 1 Campus Drive, Parsippany, NJ	07054
DECLARATION NUMBER	EPD11028	
DECLARED PRODUCT & DECLARED UNIT	RUBEROID® SBS (Styrene-Butad Declared Unit = 1 m ²	diene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane
REFERENCE PCR AND VERSION NUMBER	UL PCR B: Asphalt Shingles, Built-up Asphalt Membrane Roofing and Modified Bituminous Membrane Roofing EPD Requirements Valid through July 1, 2025	
DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT APPLICATION/USE	SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing	
PRODUCT RSL DESCRIPTION	N/A	
MARKETS OF APPLICABILITY	Global	
DATE OF ISSUE	July 21, 2025	
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	7/21/2025 to 7/21/2030	
EPD TYPE	Product Specific	
DATASET VARIABILITY	N/A	
EPD SCOPE	Cradle-to-Gate withoptions	
YEAR(S) OF REPORTED PRIMARY DATA	2021	
LCA SOFTWARE & VERSION NUMBER	LCA for Experts v. 10.6 GAF EPD Generator Tool Versior	n 1.0
LCI DATABASE(S) & VERSION NUMBER	Sphera database & USLCI v2.0	
LCIA METHODOLOGY & VERSION NUMBER	TRACI 2.1; CML 4.1	
The sub-category PCR review was conducted by:		Tom Gloria, Industrial Ecology Consultants t.gloria@industrial-ecology.com
This declaration was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14025: 2006. The UL Environment "Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project Report," v3.2 (Dec 2018), based on ISO 21930:2017, serves as the core PCR, with additional considerations from the USGBC/UL Environment Part A Enhancement (2017)		Jack Geibig, EcoForm, LLC jgeibig@ecoform.com
This life cycle assessment was conducted in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR		Sustainable Solutions Corporation
Dy: This life cycle assessment was independently verified in accord reference PCR by:	lance with ISO 14044 and the	Jack Geibig, EcoForm, LLC jgeibig@ecoform.com الماليانيان
Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.		,

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Comparison of the environmental performance using EPD information shall consider all relevant information modules over the full life cycle of the products within the building.

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This PCR allows EPD comparability only when the same functional requirements between products are ensured and the requirements of ISO 21930:2017 §5.5 are met. It should be noted that different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared.

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General Information

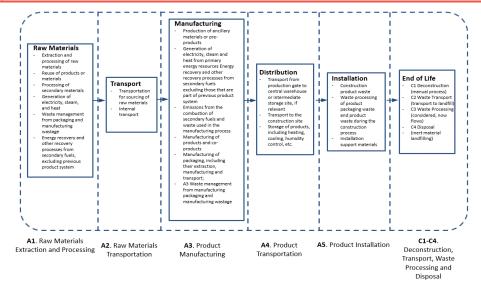
Description of Company/Organization

Founded in 1886, GAF is the leading roofing manufacturer in North America. As a member of the Standard Industries family of companies, GAF is part of the largest roofing and waterproofing business in the world. The company's products include a comprehensive portfolio of roofing and waterproofing solutions for residential and commercial properties as well as for civil engineering applications. The full GAF portfolio of solutions is supported by an extensive national network of factory-certified contractors. GAF continues to be the leader in quality and offers comprehensive warranty protection on its products and systems. The company's success is driven by a commitment to empowering its people to deliver advanced quality and purposeful innovation. For more information about GAF, visit www.gaf.com.

Product Description

SBS features a synthetic rubber polymer which allows SBS modified bitumen sheets to achieve greater elongation ratings than other asphaltic systems. SBS systems have a wide range of application methods as they can be hot-mopped, cold-applied, heat-welded or self-adhered. This EPD covers Heat-Welded or torch applied SBS membranes. A typical SBS system consists of two, or more, base plies of roofing membrane and a granulated cap membrane. Heat-Weld products covered within this EPD include: RUBEROID® HW 20 Smooth, RUBEROID® HW 25 Smooth, RUBEROID® HW 30 Smooth, RUBEROID® HW Smooth, RUBEROID® HW Granule FR, RUBEROID® HW Granule, RUBEROID® HW Plus Granule FR, RUBEROID® HW Plus Granule, RUBEROID® EnergyCap™ HW Plus Granule FR, RUBEROID® EnergyCap™ HW 30 Granule FR, and RUBEROID® UltraClad™ SBS

Flow Diagram



Manufacturer Specific EPD

This product-specific EPD was developed based on the cradle-to-gate with options (modules A1-A5, C1-C4) Life Cycle Assessment. The EPD accounts for raw material extraction and processing, transport, product manufacturing, distribution, installation, and disposal. Manufacturing data were gathered directly from company personnel. For any product group EPDs, an impact assessment was completed for each product. Product grouping was considered appropriate if the individual product impacts differed by no more than ±10% in any impact category.

Application

Heat-Weld (Torch) Applied

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane



SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing
Material Composition

The primary product components and/or materials must be indicated as a percentage mass to enable the user of the EPD to understand the composition of the product in delivery status.

The composition of a EnergyCap™ Heat Weld Applied Asphalt SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing is as follows:

Category	Materials	Category %
Polyester [SBS]	Polyester	0-7%
	Asphalt	
	Process Oil	
	Atactic Polypropylene	
CSBS Compound [SBS]	Propylene Elastomer	55-70%
	Isotactic Polypropylene	
	VLDPE	
	Limestone or Talc	
Small Shaker Granules [SBS]	Small Shaker Granules	0-2%
Fiberglass [SBS]	Fiberglass	0-5%
PP/PE Film [SBS]	Polypropylene or polyethylene	0-10%
EnergyCap™ Granules [SBS]	EnergyCap™ Granules	25-35%
Sand [SBS]	Sand	0-2%

*The GAF product modelled in this study contains no substances that are required to be reported as hazardous, nor are any such substances utilized in its production

The composition of a non-EnergyCap[™] granule Heat Weld Applied Asphalt SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing is as follows:

Category	Materials	Category %	
Polyester [SBS]	Polyester	0-10%	
	Asphalt		
	Process Oil		
	Atactic Polypropylene		
CSBS Compound [SBS]	Propylene Elastomer	55-65%	
	Isotactic Polypropylene	51 15	
	VLDPE		
	Limestone or Talc		
Small Shaker Granules [SBS]	Small Shaker Granules	25-40%	
Fiberglass [SBS]	Fiberglass	0-5%	
PP/PE Film [SBS]	Polypropylene or polyethylene	0-5%	
EnergyCap™ Granules [SBS]	EnergyCap™ Granules	0-5%	
Sand [SBS]	Sand	0-10%	

*The GAF product modelled in this study contains no substances that are required to be reported as hazardous, nor are any such substances utilized in its production

The composition of a non-EnergyCap™ smooth Heat Weld Applied Asphalt SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing is as follows:

Category	Materials	Category %
Polyester [SBS]	Polyester	0-1%
	Asphalt	
	Process Oil	
	Atactic Polypropylene	
CSBS Compound [SBS]	Propylene Elastomer	70-85%
	Isotactic Polypropylene	
	VLDPE	
	Limestone or Talc	
Small Shaker Granules [SBS]	Small Shaker Granules	0-1%
Fiberglass [SBS]	Fiberglass	2-5%
PP/PE Film [SBS]	Polypropylene or polyethylene	0-1%
EnergyCap™ Granules [SBS]	EnergyCap™ Granules	0-1%
Sand [SBS]	Sand	10-30%

*The GAF product modelled in this study contains no substances that are required to be reported as hazardous, nor are any such substances utilized in its production

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Technical Data

The appropriate ASTM or CSA product specification shall be provided, including additional pertinent physical properties and technical information.

SBS Base Sheet (ASTM D6163, TI, Grade S)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] HW 20 Smooth
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade S	80 (2.0)	90 (2.3)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	2,197 (45)	2,197 (45)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.0 (40)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/- 3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 1.0 CMD - 1.0	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 5.3 (30) CMD - 5.3 (30)	MD - 5.3 (30) CMD - 5.3 (30)
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 2.0 CMD - 2.0	MD - 4.0 CMD - 4.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%) <after conditioning="" heat=""></after>	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0	MD - 15.0 CMD - 25.0
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	156 (35)	178 (40)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, °C [°F]	-18 (0)	-18 (0)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	0.50	0.20
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



SBS Base Sheet (ASTM D6163, TI, Grade S)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] HW 25 Smooth
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade S	80 (2.0)	95 (2.4)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	2,197 (45)	3,173 (65)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.1 (44)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 16.6 (95) CMD - 13.1 (75)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/- 3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 1.0 CMD - 1.0	MD - 3.0 CMD - 2.8
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 5.3 (30) CMD - 5.3 (30)	MD - 13.1 (75) CMD - 9.1 (52)
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 2.0 CMD - 2.0	MD - 3.5 CMD - 2.8
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%) <as manufactured=""></as>	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0	MD - 25.0 CMD - 28.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%) <after conditioning="" heat=""></after>	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0	MD - 10.0 CMD - 8.0
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	156 (35)	333 (75)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, °C [°F]	-18 (0)	-30 (-22)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	0.50	0.03
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures

SBS Base Sheet (ASTM D6163, TI, Grade S)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] HW 30 Smooth
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade S	80 (2.0)	90 (2.3)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	2,197 (45)	2,197 (45)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.0 (40)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 20.1 (115) CMD - 19.3 (100)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/- 3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 1.0 CMD - 1.0	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 5.3 (30) CMD - 5.3 (30)	MD - 8.8 (50) CMD - 7.0 (40)
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 2.0 CMD - 2.0	MD - 4.0 CMD - 4.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%) <after conditioning="" heat=""></after>	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0	MD - 15.0 CMD - 25.0
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	156 (35)	177 (40)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, $^\circ C [^\circ F]$	-18 (0)	-18 (0)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	0.50	0.20
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



SBS Base Sheet (ASTM D6164, TI, Grade S)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] HW Smooth
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade S	85 (2.2)	120 (3.0)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	2,636 (54)	3,661 (75)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.1 (45)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 21.9 (135) CMD - 16.6 (95)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 20.0 CMD - 20.0	MD - 40.0 CMD - 50.0
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 8.8 (50) CMD - 8.8 (50)	9.5 (54) MD 15.8 (90) CMD
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 35.0 CMD - 35.0	65 MD 70 CMD
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 38.0 CMD - 38.0	75 MD 90 CMD
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	246 (55)	578 (130)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, °C [°F]	-18 (0)	-18 (0)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	1	0.45
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures

SBS Cap Sheet (ASTM D6164, TI, Grade G)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] HW Granule FR
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade G	130 (3.3)	160 (4.0)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	3,661 (75)	4,638 (95)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.4 (55)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 21.9 (125) CMD - 13.1 (75)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 20.0 CMD - 20.0	MD - 50.0 CMD - 55.0
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 8.8 (50) CMD - 8.8 (50)	MD - 16.6 (95) CMD - 10.5 (60)
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 35.0 CMD - 35.0	MD - 50.0 CMD - 60.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 38.0 CMD - 38.0	MD - 60.0 CMD - 70.0
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	246 (55)	534 (120)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, $^\circ C [^\circ F]$	-18 (0)	-30 (-22)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	1.0	0.2
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures
Granule embedment, g, (max)	2.0	1.2

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



According to ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

SBS Cap Sheet (ASTM D6164, TI, Grade G)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] HW Granule
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade G	130 (3.3)	150 (3.8)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	3,661 (75)	4,638 (95)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.1 (44)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 22.8 (130) CMD - 17.5 (100)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 20.0 CMD - 20.0	MD - 40.0 CMD - 45.0
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 8.8 (50) CMD - 8.8 (50)	MD - 17.5 (100) CMD - 11.4 (65)
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 35.0 CMD - 35.0	MD - 45.0 CMD - 50.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 38.0 CMD - 38.0	MD - 60.0 CMD - 75.0
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	246 (55)	578 (130)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, $^\circ C \ [^\circ F]$	-18 (0)	-20 (-4)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	1.00	0.25
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures
Granule embedment, g, (max)	2.0	1.0

SBS Cap Sheet (ASTM D6164, TII, Grade G)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] HW Plus Granule
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade G	130 (3.3)	160 (4.0)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	4,394 (90)	4,882 (100)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.3 (50)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 17.5 (100) CMD - 17.5 (100)	MD - 30.6 (175) CMD - 23.6 (135)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 20.0 CMD - 20.0	MD - 50.0 CMD - 55.0
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 21.9 (135) CMD - 15.8 (90)
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 50.0 CMD - 50.0	MD - 60.0 CMD - 70.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 60.0 CMD - 60.0	MD - 75.0 CMD - 90.0
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	311 (70)	778 (175)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, $^\circ C \ [^\circ F]$	-18 (0)	-18 (0)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	1.0	0.3
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures
Granule embedment, g, (max)	2.0	0.5

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According to ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

SBS Cap Sheet (ASTM D6164, TII, Grade G)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] HW Plus Granule FR
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade G	130 (3.3)	165 (4.2)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	4,394 (90)	4,785 (98)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.4 (45)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 17.5 (100) CMD - 17.5 (100)	29.8 (170) MD 25.4 (145) CMD
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 20.0 CMD - 20.0	50 MD 60 CMD
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	21.0 (120) MD 15.8 (90) CMD
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 50.0 CMD - 50.0	65 MD 70 CMD
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 60.0 CMD - 60.0	75 MD 90 CMD
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	311 (70)	578 (130)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, °C [°F]	-18 (0)	-30 (-22)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	1.00	0.45
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures
Granule embedment, g, (max)	2.0	0.6

SBS Cap Sheet (ASTM D6164, TII, Grade G)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] EnergyCap™ HW Plus Granule FR
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade G	130 (3.3)	160 (4.1)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	4,394 (90)	4,882 (100)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.3 (50)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 17.5 (100) CMD - 17.5 (100)	MD - 28.9 (165) CMD - 22.8 (130)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 20.0 CMD - 20.0	MD - 55.0 CMD - 60.0
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 21.0 (120) CMD - 16.6 (95)
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 50.0 CMD - 50.0	MD - 65.0 CMD - 75.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 60.0 CMD - 60.0	MD - 85.0 CMD - 115.0
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	311 (70)	667 (150)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, $^\circ C \ [^\circ F]$	-18 (0)	-18 (0)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	1.0	0.4
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures
Granule embedment, g, (max)	2.0	0.1

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



According to ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

SBS Cap Sheet (ASTM D6163, TI, Grade G)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] EnergyCap™ HW 30 Granule FR
Thickness, min, mils [mm], Grade G	80 (2.0)	140 (3.5)
Net mass/unit area, min, g/m2[lbs/100 ft2]	3,173 (65)	3,173 (65)
Bottom coating thickness, heat welding application products, min, mm [mils]	1.0 (40)	1.0 (40)
Peak load at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD & CMD, min, before and after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 12.3 (70) CMD - 12.3 (70)	MD - 20.1 (115) CMD - 17.5 (100)
Elongation at –18 +/-2°C [0 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 1.0 CMD - 1.0	MD - 4.0 CMD - 4.0
Peak load at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, kN/m [lbf/in.]	MD - 5.3 (30) CMD - 5.3 (30)	MD - 8.8 (50) CMD - 7.1 (40)
Elongation at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, at peak load, before & after heat conditioning, (%)	MD - 2.0 CMD - 2.0	MD - 5.0 CMD - 5.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%) <as manufactured=""></as>	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0	MD - 25.0 CMD - 35.0
Ultimate elongation 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], MD and CMD, min, before & after heat conditioning, (%) <after conditioning="" heat=""></after>	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0	MD - 3.0 CMD - 3.0
Tear strength at 23 +/-2°C [73.4 +/-3.6°F], min, N [lbf]	156 (35)	178 (40)
Low temperature flexibility, max, before & after heat conditioning, $^\circ C [^\circ F]$	-18 (0)	-18 (0)
Dimensional stability, max, (%)	0.50	0.20
Compound stability at 102°C [215°F]	No Failures	No Failures
Granule embedment, g, (max)	2.0	1.5

SBS Cap Sheet (ASTM D6298)	Standard Minimum Value	GAF Value: RUBEROID [®] UltraClad™ SBS
Back surface coating thickness min. mils (mm)	40 (1)	40 (1)
Peak load, MD and XMD at 0° F (-18° C), min. lbf/in. (kN/m)	160 (28.0)	180 (31.7)
Peak load, MD and XMD at 73° F (23° C), min. lbf/in. (kN/m)	85 (14.9)	85 (14.9)
Elongation at peak load, MD and XMD at 0° F (-18° C), min. %	3	4
Elongation at peak load, MD and XMD at 73° F (23° C), min. %	5	5
Ultimate elongation, MD and XMD at 73° F (23° C), min. %	25	45
Tensile-tear strength, MD and XMD, min. lbf (kN)	120 (0.53)	120 (0.53)
Low-temperature flexibility max.° F (° C)	0 (-18)	0 (-18)
Dimensional stability, max. %	0.2	0.2
Compound stability, min. passing,° F (° C)	225 (107)	225 (107)
Cyclic thermal shock, max. % (mm/m)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)
Water absorption, max. %	1	1
Moisture content, max. %	0.2	0.2

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing

Placing on the Market / Application Rules



The standards that can be applied for GAF SBS membranes are:

- ASTM D6163
- ASTM D6164

- ASTM D6298

Properties of Declared Product as Shipped

After manufacturing, the product is prepared for shipment to the customer. The membrane is reeled and occasionally a cardboard core is placed inside the center of the roll and wrapped in plastic film tapes at the top and bottom of the roll. Additional packaging materials include product labels, a cardboard protective sheet, steel strap and plastic pallet shroud is placed over the finished rolls. The product is then shipped on wooden pallets to the customer.

Methodological Framework

Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the declared unit of 1 m² as specified in the PCR.

Name	RUBEROID [®] 20 Smooth	RUBEROID [®] HW 25 Smooth	HW 30	RUBEROID	RUBEROID	RUBEROID [®] HW Granule FR	RUBEROID [®] HW Plus Granule	RUBEROID [®] HW Plus Granule FR	RUBEROID [®] EnergyCap ™ HW 30 Granule FR	Energy- Cap™ HW	RUBEROID [®] UltraClad SBS	Unit
Declared unit	1 m ²											
Weight per declared unit	2.62	2.82	2.70	3.66	4.87	4.46	4.59	4.91	4.16	4.78	2.81	kg
Thickness to achieve Declared Unit	60 mm								mm			

System Boundary

This is a cradle-to-gate withoptions Environmental Product Declaration. The following life cycle phases were considered:

Pro	duct S	tage		struction ess Stage		Use Stage				End-of-Life Stage*				Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries		
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Construction/ installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction /demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	Х	MND

Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR

(X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)

*This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane





Reference Service Life

The reference service life of GAF Heat Weld Applied Asphalt is not declared due to the exclusion of the use-phase.

Allocation

The various plants produce a variety of products with differing impacts, so allocation was conducted based on total production mass of the different products. All data from these facilities are primary data and they were collected from facility personnel.

To produce roofing products, energy, water and materials go into the process and waste and emissions are outputs from the manufacturing process. The facility data were allocated by mass (methodology confirmed by site personnel) to determine benchmarked values of manufacturing requirements per unit mass or product. These benchmarked values were averaged for products made at multiple facilities using total production by mass.

Cut-off Criteria

Processes whose total contribution to the final result, with respect to their mass and in relation to all considered impact categories, is less than 1% can be neglected. Energy flows shall be included if they exceed 1 % of renewable primary resource (energy), 1 % nonrenewable primary resource (energy) usage, and 1 % of environmental impacts. The sum of the neglected processes may not exceed 5% by mass, 5% by energy, and 5% by total environmental impact of the considered impact categories. For that a documented assumption is admissible. All future products evaluated in the tool will at a minimum meet this requirement. Inputs to and outputs from the system after 100 years from 2021 shall not be considered in this study. Emissions from landfills 100 years after the product is disposed of will not be considered in this study. No known energy or environmental flows are excluded from the system analysis.

For Hazardous Substances, as defined by the US Occupational Health and Safety Act, the following requirements apply:

• The Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) of hazardous substances will be included if the inventory is available.

• If the LCI for a hazardous substance is not available, the substance will appear as an input in the LCI of the product if its mass represents more than 0.1% of the product composition.

• If the LCI of a hazardous substance is approximated by modeling another substance, documentation will be provided.

This EPD is in compliance with the cut-off criteria. No processes were neglected or excluded. Capital items for the production processes (machine, buildings, etc.) were not taken into consideration.

Data Sources

Primary data were collected for every process in the product system under the control of GAF. Secondary data from the Sphera and USLCI databases were utilized when necessary. These data were evaluated and have temporal, geographic, and technical coverage appropriate to the scope of the product category. When a material is not available in the available LCI databases, another chemical which has similar manufacturing and environmental impacts may be used as a proxy, representing the actual chemical.

Data Quality

The data sources used are complete and representative of global systems in terms of the geographic and technological coverage and are a recent vintage (i.e., less than ten years old). The data used for primary data are based on direct information sources of the manufacturers. Secondary data sets were used for raw materials extraction and processing, end of life, transportation, and energy production flows. Wherever secondary data is used, the study adopts critically reviewed data for consistency, precision, and reproducibility to limit uncertainty. Please see Appendix A of the LCA report for the full breakdown of the data sources. The primary data from the manufacturer was from the latest data available. Each secondary dataset used was taken from LCA for Experts v. 10.6 databases, either US LCI or Sphera. These databases are widely distributed and referenced within the LCA community and are either partially or fully critically reviewed. Each material has an overall rating from one to four, one being "very good" and four being "poor." The data has an overall average rating of 2.0.

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Period Under Review

The period under review is the full calendar year of 2021.

Treatment of Biogenic Carbon

The uptake and release of biogenic carbon throughout the product life cycle follows ISO 21930:2017 Section 7.2.7.

Comparability and Benchmarking

A comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all data sets to be compared were created according to ISO 21930 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. Comparison of the environmental performance of asphalt shingles using EPD information shall be based on the product's use and impacts at the building level, and therefore EPDs may not be used for comparability purposes when not considering the building energy use phase as instructed under this PCR. Environmental declarations from different programs may not be comparable. Full conformance with the PCR allows for EPD comparability only when all stages a product's life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible. In order to support comparative assertions, this EPD meets all comparability requirements stated in ISO 14025:2006. However, differenced in certain assumptions, data quality, and variability between LCA data sets may still exist. As such, caution should be exercised when evaluating EPDs from different manufacturers as the EPD results may.

Assumptions

- · All products manufactured at each facility were assumed to have similar processing and thus allocation by mass was deemed appropriate.
- Allocation of inputs and outputs between facilities was calculated based on total production of roofing products in the 2021 calendar year.
- Waste streams that were identified as usable secondary material (i.e. materials for recycling) were considered waste with no allocation of burden to the product system.
- Fuel transportation distance was assumed to be 100 km.
- Waste transportation distance was assumed to be 32 km.
- End-of-life transportation was assumed to be 161 km.

Limitations

The findings in this research are limited by the inherent uncertainty of creating a representative model through LCA. Many assumptions were made in modeling the product system with representative processes and datasets. The authors addressed the uncertainty in modeling decisions by conducting a mass balance and sensitivity analysis as the LCI model was being constructed (data verification/validation relative to cut-off criteria and study goals). There exists limitation within the secondary data used for the material processes. These limitations include technological process similarities, regional applicability, necessity for chemical proxies, etc.

While quality control was undertaken at each step in building the LCI and conducting the LCIA, uncertainty is still present in the results since the data evaluated represents only one year of manufacturing information. Detailed evaluation of multiple manufacturing plants and time periods would reduce the uncertainty. Some level of uncertainty is inherent in conducting LCA and decision making must reflect this fact.

Units

The LCA results within this EPD are reported in SI units.

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



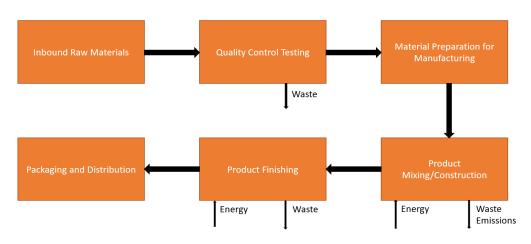
Technical Information

Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the LCA for Experts Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera, is used. The Sphera and USLCI databases contain consistent and documented datasets which are documented online. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of the Sphera database were used for energy, transportation, and auxiliary materials.

Manufacturing

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing is manufactured in Mount Vernon, Indiana; Savannah, Georgia; Stockton, California. Manufacturing begins with the inbound reception of raw materials. The process begins with adding coating inputs, such as asphalt and minerals, to a mixer. The inputs are mixed and then impregnated and/or coat an underlayment, such as a polyester mat. Mineral granules may be added to the top surface of the product. The product is then cooled, wound into rolls or cut to size, and packaged for shipment.



Below is a list of each of the manufacturing facilities that produce the product type listed. The manufacturing inputs from each of these facilities were averaged using total production of the given product type.

Product Type	Manufacturing location
SBS	Mount Vernon, Savannah, Stockton

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Packaging

The packaging material is composed primarily of wood materials. Asphalt roofing products are shipped on pallets and wrapped in plastic film.

	Quantity (% By Weight)
Material	Value
Cardboard	1.01%
Wood	29.80%
Paper	2.30%
Plastic	66.89%
Total	100.00%

The assumed percent of disposal by packaging material type is listed below.

Material	Landfill Percent	Recycled Percent	Incineration Percent
Cardboard/Paper	20%	75%	5%
Wood	20%	75%	5%
Plastic	68%	17%	15%

Transportation

The default distance of 800 km for product transportation was not used. Instead, primary data was used to determine the distribution distance for this product.

Transport to Building Site (A4)							
Name	Value	Unit					
Fuel type	Die	esel					
Vehicle Type	Truck	-					
Liters of fuel	38	l/100km					
Measured Transport distance	594	km					
Capacity utilization (including empty runs)	90	%					
Gross density of products transported	43.7-81.9	kg/m ³					
Weight of products transported	-	kg					
Volume of products transported	-	m ³					
Capacity utilization volume factor	-	-					

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Product Installation

Detailed installation instructions are provided online. Installation equipment is required though not included in the study as these are multi-use tools and the impacts per declared unit is considered negligible. Additionally, this study assumed no materials were required for installation. Note: Compliance with model building codes does not always ensure compliance with state or local building codes, which may be amended versions of these model codes. Always check with local building code officials to confirm compliance.

Installation Into the Building (A5)	1	F
Name	Value	Unit
Auxiliary materials	-	kg
Water consumption	-	m ³
Other resources	-	kg
Electricity consumption	-	kWh
Other energy carriers	2	MJ
Product loss per declared unit	-	kg
Waste materials at construction site	0.28	kg
Output substance (recycle)	-	kg
Output substance (landfill)	3.66	kg
Output substance (incineration)	-	kg
Packaging waste (recycle)	0.10	kg
Packaging waste (landfill)	0.15	kg
Packaging waste (incineration)	0.04	kg
Direct emissions to ambient air*, soil, and water	0.17	kg
VOC emissions	-	μg/m3

*CO2 emissions to air from disposal of packaging

Disposal

The product is assumed to be 100% landfilled in the end-of-life disposal, in accordance with the PCR.

End of life (C1-C4)		
Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately	0.00	kg
Collected as mixed construction waste	2.62-4.91	kg
Reuse	0.00	kg
Recycling	0.00	kg
Landfilling	2.62-4.91	kg
Incineration with energy recovery	0.00	kg
Energy conversion	-	%
Removals of biogenic carbon	-	kg

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing

LCA Results RUBEROID[®] HW 20 Smooth

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

According to

ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

GΔ

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.86E+00	1.45E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	3.91E-02	0.00E+00	8.58E-0
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.62E-08	5.47E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	1.48E-12	0.00E+00	2.70E-1
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	5.36E-03	8.69E-04	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	2.35E-04	0.00E+00	5.23E-0
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	3.82E-04	4.81E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	1.30E-05	0.00E+00	1.74E-0
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	1.14E-01	2.39E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	6.47E-03	0.00E+00	1.46E-0
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	7.65E+00	2.56E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	6.92E-02	0.00E+00	1.10E-0

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Impact Assessment

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.71E+00	1.45E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	3.92E-02	0.00E+00	1.20E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.48E-08	5.46E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	1.48E-12	0.00E+00	1.60E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	4.75E-03	7.14E-04	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	1.93E-04	0.00E+00	2.30E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	9.98E-04	1.27E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	3.44E-05	0.00E+00	2.71E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	7.56E-04	8.34E-05	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	2.26E-05	0.00E+00	6.23E-04
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	1.34E-05	6.01E-11	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	1.63E-11	0.00E+00	1.81E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	6.88E+01	1.84E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	4.99E-01	0.00E+00	8.20E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.95E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.06E-01		
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00								
NRPRE	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	7.04E+01	1.86E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	5.04E-01	0.00E+00	8.46E-01		
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00								
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00								
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00								
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00								
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00								
FW	Use of net fresh water	m ³	4.00E-03	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.40E-04		

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Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows	and Waste Categories								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	1.39E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.10E-10
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.44E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.28E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00						
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	5.65E-04	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.97E-06
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00						
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00						
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00						
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00						

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

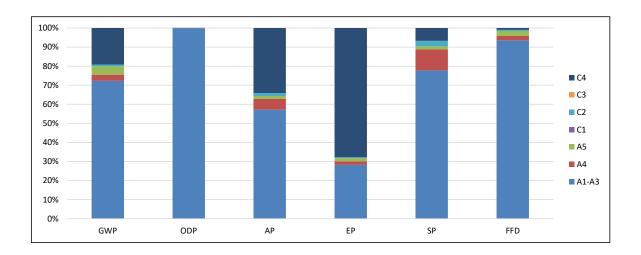
Carbon Emis	sions and Removals								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of materials used in the product, along with natural gas use in the manufacturing of the product. The asphalt coating raw material is a petroleum derivative, which creates upstream carbon emissions. Overall, the production of the product is significantly more energy intensive than any other stage. The end-of-life disposal stage (C4) has significant impact in global warming potential, acidification, and eutrophication due to the 100% landfill assumption. Also, third party verified ISO 14040/44 secondary LCI data sets contribute more than 67% of total impact to the impact categories shown above.



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing

LCA Results RUBEROID[®] HW 25 Smooth

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

According to

ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

GA

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	2.21E+00	1.55E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	4.20E-02	0.00E+00	9.23E-01
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.62E-08	5.86E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	1.59E-12	0.00E+00	2.91E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	6.27E-03	9.30E-04	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	2.52E-04	0.00E+00	5.63E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	4.59E-04	5.15E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	1.40E-05	0.00E+00	1.88E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	1.36E-01	2.56E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	6.95E-03	0.00E+00	1.57E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	9.63E+00	2.74E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	7.43E-02	0.00E+00	1.18E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	2.07E+00	1.55E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	4.21E-02	0.00E+00	1.29E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.49E-08	5.85E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	1.59E-12	0.00E+00	1.72E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	5.54E-03	7.64E-04	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	2.07E-04	0.00E+00	2.47E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	1.21E-03	1.36E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	3.69E-05	0.00E+00	2.92E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	9.13E-04	8.92E-05	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	2.42E-05	0.00E+00	6.71E-04
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	1.36E-05	6.44E-11	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	1.75E-11	0.00E+00	1.95E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	8.64E+01	1.98E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	5.36E-01	0.00E+00	8.83E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Us	e								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	2.13E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.14E-01
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRPR _E	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	8.83E+01	1.99E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	5.41E-01	0.00E+00	9.10E-01
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00						
FW	Use of net fresh water	m³	4.91E-03	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.58E-04

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows	and Waste Categories								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	1.78E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.26E-10
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.85E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.45E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00						
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	6.40E-04	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.65E-06
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00						
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00						
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00						
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00						

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

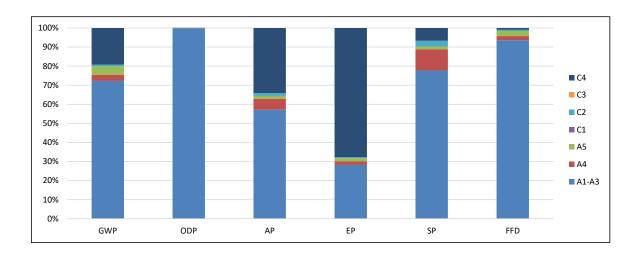
Carbon Emissions and Removals											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of materials used in the product, along with natural gas use in the manufacturing of the product. The asphalt coating raw material is a petroleum derivative, which creates upstream carbon emissions. Overall, the production of the product is significantly more energy intensive than any other stage. The end-of-life disposal stage (C4) has significant impact in global warming potential, acidification, and eutrophication due to the 100% landfill assumption. Also, third party verified ISO 14040/44 secondary LCI data sets contribute more than 67% of total impact to the impact categories shown above.



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing

LCA Results RUBEROID[®] HW 30 Smooth

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

According to

ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

GA

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

FRACI 2.1 Imp	act Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.85E+00	1.49E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	4.03E-02	0.00E+00	8.84E-01
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	3.98E-11	5.65E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	1.53E-12	0.00E+00	2.78E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	5.00E-03	8.97E-04	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	2.42E-04	0.00E+00	5.39E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	4.02E-04	4.97E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	1.34E-05	0.00E+00	1.80E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	1.17E-01	2.47E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	6.67E-03	0.00E+00	1.50E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	8.88E+00	2.64E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	7.13E-02	0.00E+00	1.13E-01
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*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.71E+00	1.50E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	4.04E-02	0.00E+00	1.24E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	3.93E-11	5.64E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	1.52E-12	0.00E+00	1.65E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	4.29E-03	7.37E-04	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	1.99E-04	0.00E+00	2.37E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	1.09E-03	1.31E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	3.55E-05	0.00E+00	2.79E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	7.90E-04	8.60E-05	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	2.32E-05	0.00E+00	6.42E-04
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	7.26E-07	6.20E-11	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	1.68E-11	0.00E+00	1.87E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	7.94E+01	1.90E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	5.14E-01	0.00E+00	8.45E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Us	9								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	3.96E-01	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.09E-01
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	1.50E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRPR _E	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	7.62E+01	1.92E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	5.19E-01	0.00E+00	8.71E-01
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	4.45E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00						
FW	Use of net fresh water	m³	3.64E-03	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.47E-04

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows and Waste Categories											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	1.73E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.17E-10		
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.54E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.35E+00		
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00								
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	4.27E-04	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.24E-06		
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00								
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	2.32E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00								
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00								

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

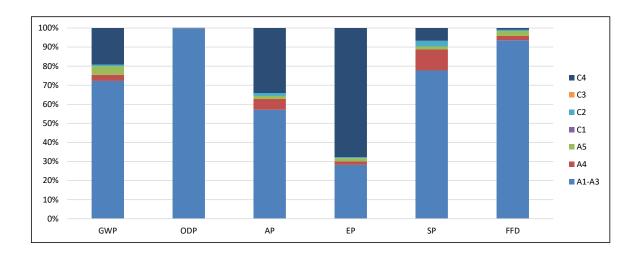
Carbon Emis	Carbon Emissions and Removals										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00								

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of materials used in the product, along with natural gas use in the manufacturing of the product. The asphalt coating raw material is a petroleum derivative, which creates upstream carbon emissions. Overall, the production of the product is significantly more energy intensive than any other stage. The end-of-life disposal stage (C4) has significant impact in global warming potential, acidification, and eutrophication due to the 100% landfill assumption. Also, third party verified ISO 14040/44 secondary LCI data sets contribute more than 67% of total impact to the impact categories shown above.



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing

LCA Results RUBEROID[®] HW Smooth

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

According to

ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

GA

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

FRACI 2.1 Imp	act Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	3.41E+00	2.02E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	5.47E-02	0.00E+00	1.20E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	5.74E-11	7.65E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	2.07E-12	0.00E+00	3.77E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	7.66E-03	1.21E-03	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	3.29E-04	0.00E+00	7.31E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	6.69E-04	6.73E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	1.82E-05	0.00E+00	2.44E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	1.75E-01	3.34E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	9.05E-03	0.00E+00	2.04E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	1.66E+01	3.57E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	9.67E-02	0.00E+00	1.53E-01
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*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Impact Assessment											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	3.30E+00	2.03E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	5.49E-02	0.00E+00	1.68E+00		
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	5.70E-11	7.63E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	2.07E-12	0.00E+00	2.23E-13		
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	6.61E-03	9.97E-04	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	2.70E-04	0.00E+00	3.21E-03		
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	1.74E-03	1.78E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	4.81E-05	0.00E+00	3.79E-03		
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	1.42E-03	1.17E-04	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	3.15E-05	0.00E+00	8.71E-04		
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	3.41E-06	8.40E-11	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	2.27E-11	0.00E+00	2.53E-08		
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	1.45E+02	2.58E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	6.98E-01	0.00E+00	1.15E+00		

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use	Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4			
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	2.91E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.48E-01			
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00									
NRPR _E	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.47E+02	2.60E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	7.04E-01	0.00E+00	1.18E+00			
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00									
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00									
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00									
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00									
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00									
FW	Use of net fresh water	m³	8.93E-03	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.35E-04			

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows and Waste Categories											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.93E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.94E-10		
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	4.66E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.19E+00		
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00								
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	8.26E-04	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.25E-05		
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00								
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00								
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00								
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00								

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

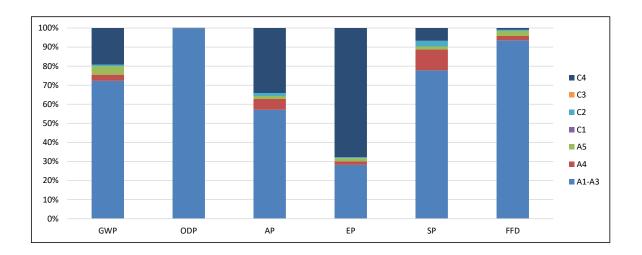
Carbon Emissions and Removals										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00							
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00							
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00							
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00							
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00							
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00							

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of materials used in the product, along with natural gas use in the manufacturing of the product. The asphalt coating raw material is a petroleum derivative, which creates upstream carbon emissions. Overall, the production of the product is significantly more energy intensive than any other stage. The end-of-life disposal stage (C4) has significant impact in global warming potential, acidification, and eutrophication due to the 100% landfill assumption. Also, third party verified ISO 14040/44 secondary LCI data sets contribute more than 67% of total impact to the impact categories shown above.



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane



LCA Results RUBEROID[®] HW Granule

Notes on LCA Results:

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According to

ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

GΔ

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	5.02E+00	2.68E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	7.27E-02	0.00E+00	1.59E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	7.06E-11	1.01E-11	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	2.75E-12	0.00E+00	5.02E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.47E-02	1.61E-03	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	4.37E-04	0.00E+00	9.73E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	1.27E-03	8.92E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	2.42E-05	0.00E+00	3.24E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	3.01E-01	4.43E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	1.20E-02	0.00E+00	2.71E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	1.79E+01	4.74E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	1.29E-01	0.00E+00	2.04E-01

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Impact Assessment

CML 4.1 Impact Assessment											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	4.92E+00	2.69E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	7.29E-02	0.00E+00	2.23E+00		
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	7.14E-11	1.01E-11	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	2.75E-12	0.00E+00	2.97E-13		
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.22E-02	1.32E-03	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	3.59E-04	0.00E+00	4.27E-03		
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	2.69E-03	2.36E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	6.39E-05	0.00E+00	5.04E-03		
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	1.89E-03	1.54E-04	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	4.19E-05	0.00E+00	1.16E-03		
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	8.76E-04	1.11E-10	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	3.02E-11	0.00E+00	3.37E-08		
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	1.55E+02	3.42E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	9.27E-01	0.00E+00	1.52E+00		

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
RPRE	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	3.36E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.97E-01		
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00								
NRPRE	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.59E+02	3.45E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	9.36E-01	0.00E+00	1.57E+00		
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00								
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00								
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00								
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00								
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00								
FW	Use of net fresh water	m ³	1.25E-02	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.45E-04		

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows and Waste Categories											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4		
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.57E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.91E-10		
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	1.01E-01	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.24E+00		
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00								
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	1.01E-03	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.67E-05		
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00								
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00								
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00								
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00								

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

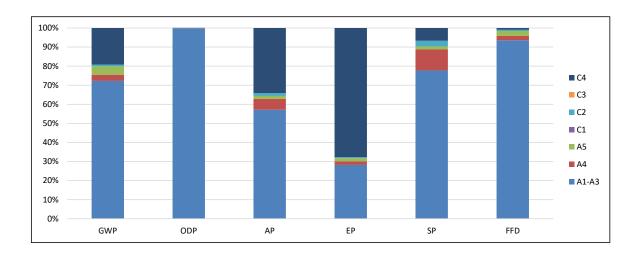
Carbon Emis	Carbon Emissions and Removals											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4			
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00									
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00									
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00									
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00									
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00									
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00									

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of materials used in the product, along with natural gas use in the manufacturing of the product. The asphalt coating raw material is a petroleum derivative, which creates upstream carbon emissions. Overall, the production of the product is significantly more energy intensive than any other stage. The end-of-life disposal stage (C4) has significant impact in global warming potential, acidification, and eutrophication due to the 100% landfill assumption. Also, third party verified ISO 14040/44 secondary LCI data sets contribute more than 67% of total impact to the impact categories shown above.



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Results RUBEROID[®] HW Granule FR

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	4.17E+00	2.46E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	6.66E-02	0.00E+00	1.46E+0
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	5.87E-11	9.30E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	2.52E-12	0.00E+00	4.60E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.23E-02	1.48E-03	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	4.00E-04	0.00E+00	8.91E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	1.05E-03	8.18E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	2.22E-05	0.00E+00	2.97E-0
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	2.50E-01	4.06E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	1.10E-02	0.00E+00	2.48E-0
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	1.47E+01	4.35E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	1.18E-01	0.00E+00	1.87E-0

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Impact Assessment

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	4.07E+00	2.46E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	6.68E-02	0.00E+00	2.05E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	5.95E-11	9.28E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	2.51E-12	0.00E+00	2.72E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.01E-02	1.21E-03	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	3.28E-04	0.00E+00	3.91E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	2.22E-03	2.16E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	5.85E-05	0.00E+00	4.61E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	1.58E-03	1.42E-04	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	3.84E-05	0.00E+00	1.06E-03
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	7.15E-04	1.02E-10	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	2.77E-11	0.00E+00	3.09E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	1.27E+02	3.13E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	8.49E-01	0.00E+00	1.40E+00

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Us	e								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	2.95E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.80E-01
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRPR _E	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.29E+02	3.16E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	8.57E-01	0.00E+00	1.44E+00
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00						
FW	Use of net fresh water	m³	1.01E-02	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.08E-04

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows	and Waste Categories								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.09E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.58E-10
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	8.43E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.88E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00						
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	8.49E-04	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.53E-05
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00						
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00						
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00						
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00						

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

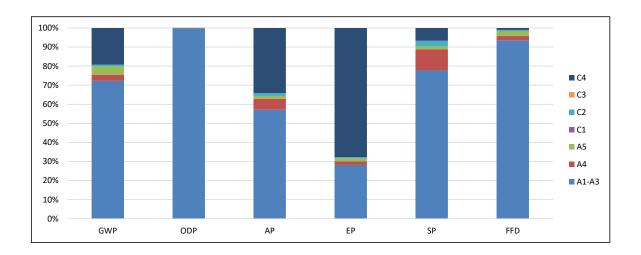
Carbon Emis	sions and Removals								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of materials used in the product, along with natural gas use in the manufacturing of the product. The asphalt coating raw material is a petroleum derivative, which creates upstream carbon emissions. Overall, the production of the product is significantly more energy intensive than any other stage. The end-of-life disposal stage (C4) has significant impact in global warming potential, acidification, and eutrophication due to the 100% landfill assumption. Also, third party verified ISO 14040/44 secondary LCI data sets contribute more than 67% of total impact to the impact categories shown above.



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing

LCA Results RUBEROID[®] HW Plus Granule

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

According to

ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

GA

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.79E+00	2.71E-01	3.20E-01	2.31E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	1.61E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	8.31E-12	1.02E-11	1.09E-15	8.73E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	5.06E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	3.21E-03	1.63E-03	3.78E-04	1.39E-03	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	9.81E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	2.53E-04	9.01E-05	6.88E-05	7.68E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	3.27E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	7.68E-02	4.48E-02	5.59E-03	3.82E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	2.74E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	4.76E+00	4.79E-01	4.78E-01	4.08E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	2.06E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.66E+00	2.72E-01	3.42E-01	2.32E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	2.25E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.07E-11	1.02E-11	6.44E-14	8.72E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	3.00E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	2.72E-03	1.34E-03	2.60E-04	1.14E-03	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	4.30E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	4.77E-04	2.38E-04	1.15E-04	2.03E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	5.08E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	5.84E-04	1.56E-04	4.39E-05	1.33E-04	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	1.17E-03
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	3.30E-06	1.13E-10	3.83E-08	9.60E-11	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	3.40E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	3.44E+01	3.45E+00	3.35E+00	2.94E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	1.54E+00

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Us	e								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	2.33E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	1.98E-01
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRPR _E	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	3.62E+01	3.48E+00	3.37E+00	2.97E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	1.58E+00
NRPR _M	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00						
FW	Use of net fresh water	m³	5.44E-03	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	4.49E-04

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows	and Waste Categories								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	6.58E-09	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	3.94E-10
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	3.16E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	4.27E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00						
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	6.37E-04	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	1.68E-05
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00						
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00						
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00						
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00						

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

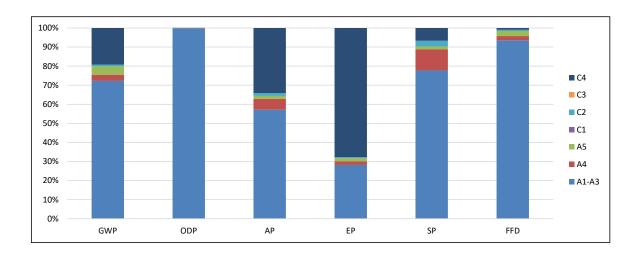
Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Carbon Emis	sions and Removals								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing

LCA Results RUBEROID[®] HW Plus Granule FR

Notes on LCA Results:

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According to

ISO 14025, ISO 14044,

and ISO 21930:2017

GΔ

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.62E+00	2.53E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	6.85E-02	0.00E+00	1.50E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	8.10E-12	9.58E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	2.59E-12	0.00E+00	4.73E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	2.95E-03	1.52E-03	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	4.12E-04	0.00E+00	9.17E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	2.35E-04	8.42E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	2.28E-05	0.00E+00	3.05E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	7.08E-02	4.19E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	1.13E-02	0.00E+00	2.56E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	4.16E+00	4.48E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	1.21E-01	0.00E+00	1.92E-01

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Impact Assessment

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.49E+00	2.54E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	6.87E-02	0.00E+00	2.11E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.02E-11	9.56E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	2.59E-12	0.00E+00	2.80E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	2.52E-03	1.25E-03	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	3.38E-04	0.00E+00	4.02E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	4.40E-04	2.22E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	6.02E-05	0.00E+00	4.75E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	5.40E-04	1.46E-04	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	3.95E-05	0.00E+00	1.09E-03
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	3.09E-06	1.05E-10	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	2.85E-11	0.00E+00	3.18E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	3.01E+01	3.23E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	8.74E-01	0.00E+00	1.44E+00

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Us		, ,	· ·						
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPRE	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	2.18E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.85E-01
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRPRE	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	3.19E+01	3.26E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	8.82E-01	0.00E+00	1.48E+00
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00						
FW	Use of net fresh water	m ³	4.74E-03	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.20E-04

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows	and Waste Categories								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	5.89E-09	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.68E-10
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.92E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.00E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00						
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	5.73E-04	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.57E-05
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00						
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00						
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00						
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00						

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

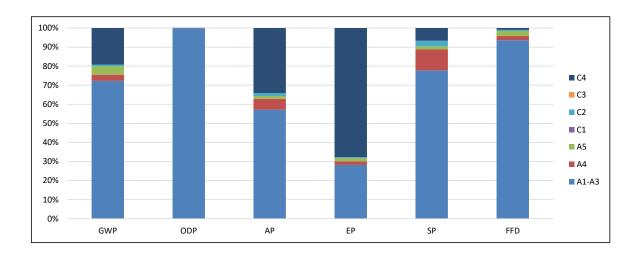
Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Carbon Emis	sions and Removals								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Results RUBEROID[®] EnergyCap[™] HW 30 Granule FR

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	5.17E+00	2.31E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	6.25E-02	0.00E+00	1.37E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.41E-08	8.73E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	2.36E-12	0.00E+00	4.32E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.40E-02	1.39E-03	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	3.75E-04	0.00E+00	8.37E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	1.16E-03	7.68E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	2.08E-05	0.00E+00	2.79E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	2.71E-01	3.82E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	1.03E-02	0.00E+00	2.33E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	1.70E+01	4.08E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	1.11E-01	0.00E+00	1.75E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	5.08E+00	2.32E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	6.27E-02	0.00E+00	1.92E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.30E-08	8.72E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	2.36E-12	0.00E+00	2.56E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.16E-02	1.14E-03	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	3.08E-04	0.00E+00	3.67E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	2.38E-03	2.03E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	5.49E-05	0.00E+00	4.34E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	1.60E-03	1.33E-04	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	3.60E-05	0.00E+00	9.97E-04
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	9.44E-04	9.60E-11	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	2.60E-11	0.00E+00	2.90E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	1.43E+02	2.94E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	7.97E-01	0.00E+00	1.31E+00

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Us	e								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	3.52E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.69E-01
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRPR _E	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.47E+02	2.97E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	8.04E-01	0.00E+00	1.35E+00
NRPR _M	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00						
FW	Use of net fresh water	m ³	1.32E-02	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.83E-04

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows	and Waste Categories								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	1.93E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.36E-10
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	9.73E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.65E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00						
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	1.15E-03	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.43E-05
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00						
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00						
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00						
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00						

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

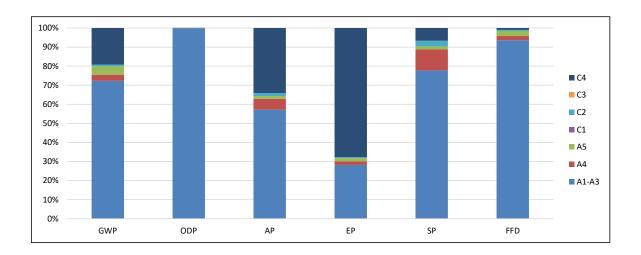
Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Carbon Emis	sions and Removals								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Results RUBEROID[®] EnergyCap[™] HW Plus Granule FR

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users

shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	5.97E+00	2.65E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	7.18E-02	0.00E+00	1.57E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	6.63E-11	1.00E-11	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	2.72E-12	0.00E+00	4.96E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.60E-02	1.59E-03	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	4.31E-04	0.00E+00	9.61E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	1.42E-03	8.83E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	2.39E-05	0.00E+00	3.20E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	3.09E-01	4.39E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	1.19E-02	0.00E+00	2.68E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	1.95E+01	4.69E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	1.27E-01	0.00E+00	2.01E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	5.88E+00	2.66E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	7.20E-02	0.00E+00	2.21E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	6.77E-11	1.00E-11	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	2.71E-12	0.00E+00	2.93E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	1.31E-02	1.31E-03	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	3.54E-04	0.00E+00	4.22E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	2.83E-03	2.33E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	6.31E-05	0.00E+00	4.98E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	2.03E-03	1.53E-04	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	4.14E-05	0.00E+00	1.14E-03
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	1.17E-03	1.10E-10	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	2.98E-11	0.00E+00	3.33E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	1.66E+02	3.38E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	9.15E-01	0.00E+00	1.51E+00

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Us	e								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	2.22E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.94E-01
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	1.50E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRPR _E	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.64E+02	3.41E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	9.24E-01	0.00E+00	1.55E+00
NRPR _M	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	4.45E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00						
FW	Use of net fresh water	m ³	1.46E-02	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.40E-04

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows	and Waste Categories								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.42E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.86E-10
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	1.22E-01	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.19E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00						
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	1.12E-03	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.65E-05
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00						
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	2.32E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00						
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00						

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

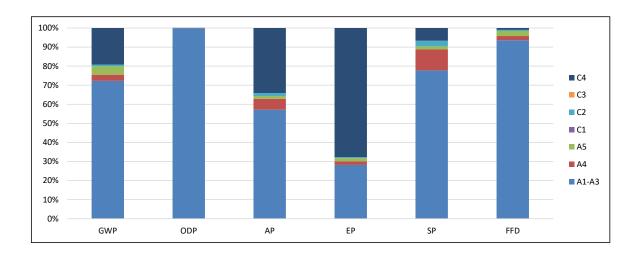
Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Carbon Emis	sions and Removals								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						

RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing



LCA Interpretation



RUBEROID[®] SBS (Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene) - Modified Bitumen Roofing Membrane

SBS-Modified Bitumen Roofing

LCA Results RUBEROID[®] UltraClad[™] SBS

Notes on LCA Results:

*LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. *These six impact categories (those presented in the TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment table below) are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development, however the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

According to

ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

GA

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.98E+00	1.55E-01	3.20E-01	0.00E+00	4.19E-02	0.00E+00	9.20E-01
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	4.29E-11	5.86E-12	1.09E-15	0.00E+00	1.59E-12	0.00E+00	2.90E-15
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	5.35E-03	9.30E-04	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	2.52E-04	0.00E+00	5.61E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	4.31E-04	5.15E-05	6.88E-05	0.00E+00	1.39E-05	0.00E+00	1.87E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ -Eq.	1.26E-01	2.56E-02	5.59E-03	0.00E+00	6.93E-03	0.00E+00	1.57E-02
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	9.59E+00	2.74E-01	4.78E-01	0.00E+00	7.41E-02	0.00E+00	1.18E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Im	pact Assessment								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.84E+00	1.55E-01	3.42E-01	0.00E+00	4.20E-02	0.00E+00	1.29E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	4.23E-11	5.85E-12	6.44E-14	0.00E+00	1.58E-12	0.00E+00	1.71E-13
AP	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	4.59E-03	7.64E-04	2.60E-04	0.00E+00	2.07E-04	0.00E+00	2.46E-03
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO ₄) ³ -Eq.	1.17E-03	1.36E-04	1.15E-04	0.00E+00	3.68E-05	0.00E+00	2.91E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	8.49E-04	8.92E-05	4.39E-05	0.00E+00	2.42E-05	0.00E+00	6.68E-04
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	7.85E-07	6.44E-11	3.83E-08	0.00E+00	1.74E-11	0.00E+00	1.95E-08
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	8.58E+01	1.98E+00	3.35E+00	0.00E+00	5.35E-01	0.00E+00	8.80E-01

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Us	e								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPR_{E}	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.95E+00	0.00E+00	4.17E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.14E-01
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRPRE	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	8.71E+01	1.99E+00	3.37E+00	0.00E+00	5.39E-01	0.00E+00	9.07E-01
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00						
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00						
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00						
FW	Use of net fresh water	m³	3.91E-03	0.00E+00	2.39E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.57E-04

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Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows	and Waste Categories								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	1.87E-04	0.00E+00	4.78E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.25E-10
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.69E-02	0.00E+00	1.65E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.45E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00						
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	4.54E-04	0.00E+00	9.88E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.62E-06
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00						
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00						
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00						
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00						

*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

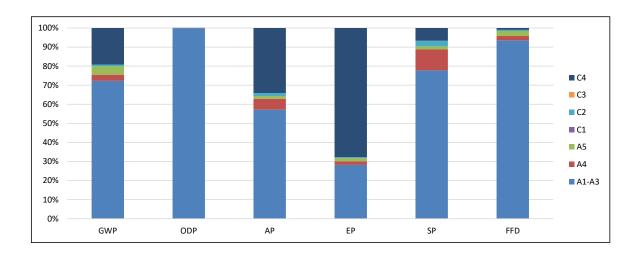
Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Carbon Emis	sions and Removals								
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.66E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00						

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LCA Interpretation



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Additional Environmental Information

Environmental and Health During Manufacturing

During the manufacturing of all asphalt products, all legal regulations regarding emissions to air, wastewater discharge, solid waste disposal and noise emissions are followed. GAF manufacturing operations follow strict internal procedures to ensure safe and healthy working conditions for all employees and contractors working onsite.

Environmental and Health During Installation

There is no harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product. To insure safe and proper installation of GAF products please refer to the installation guide found on GAF product website https://www.gaf.com/.

Extraordinary Effects

Fire

Resistance by the roofing system to fire applied to the exterior roof surface is important. Typically, a UL Class A, B or C rating is required by building code. Occasionally, depending on the use of the building, special resistance to fire applied from within the building is required. This is normally expressed in the form of hourly ratings, and usually requires the use of a specialized roof assembly. Refer to current RUBEROID[®] listings in the appropriate UL directory to verify roof assembly requirements for specific fire ratings. Refer to UL Product iQ for specific assemblies.

Water

Contain no substances that have any impact on water in case of flood.

Mechanical Destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

Delayed Emissions

Global warming potential is calculated using the TRACI 2.1 and CML 4.1 impact assessment methodologies. Delayed emissions are not considered.

Further Information

GAF

1 Campus Drive, Parsippany, NJ 07054

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References

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- PCR Part A	UL Environment: Product Category Rules for Building-Related Products and Services in North America, Part A: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirements, v.3.2, December 2018.
- PCR Part B	UL PCR for Asphalt Shingles, Built-up Asphalt Membrane Roofing and Modified Bituminous Membrane Roofing
- LCA for Experts	thinkstep.one. LCA for Experts v. 10.6 (software).
- ISO 14025	ISO 14025:2011-10, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures.
- ISO 14040	ISO 14040:2009-11, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Principles and framework.
- ISO 14044	ISO 14044:2006-10, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Requirements and guidelines.
- ISO 14046	ISO 14046:2013 - Environmental management- Water footprint- Principles, requirements and guidelines
- ISO 21930: 2017	ISO 21930:2017, Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works - Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services.
- ISO 15392	ISO 15392:2008 - Sustainability in building construction- General principles
- ISO 15686	ISO 15686-1:2011 - Buildings and constructed assets- Service life planning Part 1: General principles; ISO 15686-2:2008 - Part 2: Service life prediction procedures; ISO 15686-7:2008 - Part 7: Performance evaluation for feedback of service life data from practice; ISO 15686- 8:2008 - Part 8: Reference service life and service life estimation
- EN 15804	EN 15804:2012-04: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction product
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According to ISO 14025, ISO 14044, and ISO 21930:2017

Contact Information

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LCA Practitioner



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